### **RUTHERFORD PUBLIC SCHOOLS**

### **COURSE TITLE**

Dance Grades K-2

# LENGTH

Full Year Grades K, 1, and 2

### DEPARTMENT

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## SCHOOL

Kindergarten Center Lincoln School (Grades 1-2) Washington School (Grades 1-2)

# DATE

Initial Approval: September 10, 2018

Dance: Grades K-2					
Unit 1: The Creative Process, Performance, and Aesthetic Responses					
Time Allotted: Approx	imately 2	0 Weeks – Infusion and Weekly Instruction	ı		
New Jersey Student Le	earning St	andards (NJSLS)			
1.1.2.A.1 Identify the	e element	s of dance in planned and improvised danc	e sequences.		
1.1.2.A.2 Use improv	visation to	o discover new movement to fulfill the inter	nt of the choreography.		
1.1.2.A.3 Demonstra	ate the dif	ference between pantomime, pedestrian m	novement, abstract gesture, and dance mov	ement.	
1.1.2.A.4 Apply and a	A.4 Apply and adapt isolated and coordinated body part articulations, body alignment, balance, and body patterning.				
1.3.2.A.1 Create and	Create and perform planned and improvised movement sequences using the elements of dance, with and without musical accompaniment, to				
communica	ate meani	ng around a variety of themes.			
1.3.2.A.2 Create and	l perform	planned and improvised movement sequer	nces, alone and in small groups, with variation	ons in tempo, meter, rhythm, spatial level	
	(i.e., low, middle, and high), and spatial pathway.				
1.3.2.A.3 Define and	3 Define and maintain personal space, concentrate, and appropriately direct focus while performing movement skills.				
1.3.2.A.4 Create and	l perform	original movement sequences alone and w	ith a partner using locomotor and non-loco	motor movements at various levels in space.	
_			hat communicated an emotion or feeling, a	nd tell the story through each of the four	
arts discipli	ines (dano	ce, music, theatre, and visual art).			
1.4.2.A.4 Distinguish	2.A.4 Distinguish patterns in nature found in works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.				
1.4.2.B.1 Observe the	2.B.1 Observe the basic arts elements in performances and exhibitions and use them to formulate objective assessments of artworks in dance, music,				
theatre, an	nd visual a	rt.			
1.4.2.B.2 Apply the p	orinciples	of positive critique in giving and receiving r	esponses to performances.		
Essential Questic	ons	Student Learning Objectives	Suggested Tasks/Activities	Evidence of Learning (Assessment)	
- How do we ide	entify	Students will be able to:	Kindergarten Activities	- Self-assessment: Give students the	
movement seq	quences?	- Explore the joy of moving.	<ul> <li>Warm-up<u>Brain Dance</u>*</li> </ul>	opportunity to consider the quality	
<ul> <li>How do we use</li> </ul>	e	<ul> <li>Listen to signals and respond to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listen to signals and respond to</li> </ul>	of their own learning and	

movement to create	movement directions.	movement directions. Explore	performance, individually and in
dance?	<ul> <li>Listen to a story and dance the</li> </ul>	locomotor steps (walk, run, gallop,	collaboration with others, with
- How do we	words and move to the rhythm of	and jump). <u>Walking Hop Hop Hop</u>	respect to curricular objectives,
demonstrate	the words.	Song	content benchmarks, and/or
choreography?	<ul> <li>Engage in a collaborative</li> </ul>	- Perform basic axial movements of	specified criteria. Self-assessment is
- How do dancers use	discussion about improvised	turn, stretch, reach, bend, and	only used formatively and gives
body language to	dances.	twist. <u>Cosmic Kids Moana Yoga</u>	students the responsibility of
communicate ideas or	<ul> <li>Explore stopping and going,</li> </ul>	- With a partner improvise a dance	identifying competencies and
feelings?	tempos of fast and slow, and	using basic locomotor steps and	challenges in their own work, and to
<ul> <li>How do performing</li> </ul>	simple rhythms.	axial movements.	devise appropriate strategies for
artists use body	<ul> <li>Improvise duration, tempos,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Move to slow and fast tempos.</li> </ul>	improvement. Examples include
language, facial	rhythms of words, rhythms using	Slow and Fast Song	setting personal goals and checking

expressions, and	various stimuli, and objects.	<ul> <li>Practice moving and stopping</li> </ul>	one's progress toward them, and
gestures to	<ul> <li>Research and identify tempos of</li> </ul>	responding to a variety of stimuli	comparing one's work to the
communicate?	animals, people and machines.	(e.g. voice, music, sound, others).	criteria on a rubric or checklist.
- How are body	<ul> <li>Move to the rhythm of words</li> </ul>	Improvise moving and stopping	<ul> <li>Written or Drawn Work (using</li> </ul>
movements isolated or	(syllables) and investigate rhythm	varying the duration.	technology when appropriate):
aligned to create	of word phrases.	<ul> <li>Practice fast and slow tempos</li> </ul>	- Sharing feelings, dreams,
different patterns of	- Explore opposites in shapes, levels	-	and wishes about dance
dance?	sizes, and moving in and through	people, and machines. Next	and dancing
	space.	improvise a dance based on	<ul> <li>Planning and documenting</li> </ul>
	- Demonstrate how music can	tempo. Animal Freeze Dance	choreographic process
	change the way they move.	Animal Move and Groove Task	(sketching or collecting
	с , ,	Cards (Teachers pay Teachers)	ideas for a dance)
		- Select a song, text, or poem that	- Personal responses to
		includes rhythm of words and	performances
		have students create a dance	- Peer Critique/ Assessment: When
		based on the words.	students engage in peer assessment
		- Create a short dance using two	or critique, they can use rubrics,
		opposite energy qualities,	checklists, and protocols (using
		emotions, and senses (ex:	technology)to focus their feedback
		happy/sad). Use an appropriate	on the criteria for the task, and
		selection of music.	should use protocols for
		<ul> <li>Connect a simple sequence using</li> </ul>	constructive peer-to-peer feedback,
		opposites incorporating shape and	
		axial or locomotor movement.	- "I noticed …"
		Body Boogie Dance	- "I like the way because
		- Teaching pantomime (drinking	"
		milk)	 - "Have you thought of?"
		https://www.youtube.com/watch	- "I would like to suggest"
		<u>?v=UU5Z8Norssw</u>	- Hand Signals: Ask students to
		- Students will share a story	display a designated hand signal to
		demonstrating an emotion or	indicate their understanding of a
		feeling through dance.	specific concept, principle, or
		- Students will record a	process
		performance (using an iPad, Video	
		Recorder, etc) and use peer-	and can explain it (e.g.,
		critique strategies to assess.	thumbs up).
			<ul> <li>I do not yet understand</li> </ul>
		1st and 2nd Grade Activities	(e.g.,
		<ul> <li>Use locomotor steps and axial</li> </ul>	thumbs down).
		movements with prepositions	<ul> <li>I'm not completely sure</li> </ul>

		(near, far, over, under, through	about	(e.g.,
		etc.).	wave hand).	
		- Planned Dance Sequence Video:		
		Go Noodle - Sherlock Gnomes	Performance Rubrics	
		Move and Groove	Dance Rubric 1	
		<ul> <li>Improvised Dance Sequences:</li> </ul>	Dance Rubric 2	
		Freeze Dance Freeze Dance Colors		
		Listen and Move Freeze Dance		
		<ul> <li>Select a song, text, or poem that</li> </ul>		
		includes rhythm of words and		
		have students create a dance		
		based on the words.		
		<ul> <li>Teaching pantomime for</li> </ul>		
		elementary students		
		https://www.youtube.com/watch		
		<u>?v=g7Wjl9x4N3U</u>		
		<ul> <li>Connect a simple sequence using</li> </ul>		
		opposites incorporating shape and	1	
		axial or locomotor movement.		
		Cupid Shuffle		
		<ul> <li>Create a short dance using two</li> </ul>		
		opposite energy qualities,		
		emotions, and senses (ex:		
		happy/sad). Use an appropriate		
		selection of music.		
		<ul> <li>Students will share a story</li> </ul>		
		demonstrating an emotion or		
		feeling through dance.		
		<ul> <li>Students will record a</li> </ul>		
		performance (using an iPad, Video		
		Recorder, etc) and use peer-		
		critique strategies to assess.		
Resources/Materials	<ul> <li>Kindergarten Dance Activities</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Alphabet movement cards</li> </ul>			
	- Creative Dance Integration Lesson F	Plans		
	https://education.byu.edu/sites/de	fault/files/ARTS/documents/educational_r	novement.pdf	
		cs: The Mind and Body as One Entity	<u> </u>	
	- Glossary of Terms	the mina and body as one Entry		

meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.         2.5.2.A.3 Respond in movement to changes in tempo, beat, rhythm, or musical style.         21st Century Life and Careers       9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.         9.2.4.A.3 Investigate both traditional and nontraditional careers and relate information to personal likes and dislikes         Technology Standards       8.1.2.B.1 Illustrate and communicate original ideas and stories using multiple digital tools and resources.				
English Language Learners	Special Education	At-Risk	Gifted and Talented	
<ul> <li>Speak and display terminology and movement</li> <li>Teacher modeling</li> <li>Peer modeling</li> <li>Develop and post routines</li> <li>Label dance and classroom materials</li> <li>Word walls</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Utilize modifications &amp; accommodations delineated in the student's IEP</li> <li>Work with paraprofessional</li> <li>Use multi-sensory teaching approaches. Pictures, scarves, hula hoops, hats balloons, rhythmic instruments, and other props provide helpful visual, auditory, and tactile reinforcement of ideas.</li> <li>Work with a partner</li> <li>Provide concrete examples and relate all new movements to previously learned moves or to typical life skills at home (i.e., open and close a door for a pulling or pushing movement).</li> <li>Solidify and refine concepts through repetition.</li> <li>Change movement requirements to reduce activity time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Using visual demonstrations, illustrations, and models</li> <li>Give directions/instructions verbally and in simple written format.</li> <li>Peer Support</li> <li>Increase one on one time</li> <li>Teachers may modify instructions by modeling what the student is expected to do</li> <li>Instructions may be printed out in large print and hung up for the student to see during the time of the lesson.</li> <li>Review behavior expectations and make adjustments for personal space or other behaviors as needed.</li> <li>Oral prompts can be given.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Curriculum compacting</li> <li>Inquiry-based instruction</li> <li>Independent study</li> <li>Higher order thinking skills</li> <li>Adjusting the pace of lessons</li> <li>Interest based content</li> <li>Real world scenarios</li> <li>Student Driven Instruction</li> </ul>	

	Da	nce: Grades K-2	
	Unit 2: History of the Arts and Cu	Ilture, Performance, and Aesthetic Respons	ses
Time Allotted: Approximately	20 Weeks – Infusion and Weekly Instruction	n	
New Jersey Student Learning S	tandards (NJSLS)		
1.2.2.A.1 Identify characteris	tic theme-based works of dance, music, thea	atre, and visual art, such as artworks based o	on the themes of family and community,
from various histori	ical periods and world cultures.		
	and specific works of dance, music, theatre,		
, , ,	ualities of exemplary works of art in dance, r	· · · · ·	haracteristics of the artists who created
	age, absence or presence of training, style, e		
1.4.2.A.2 Compare and contr cultural meaning.	ast culturally and historically diverse works o	of dance, music, theatre, and visual art that	evoke emotion and that communicate
,	rts elements in performances and exhibition	ns and use them to formulate objective asse	essments of artworks in dance, music,
theatre, and visual	-		
1.4.2.B.3 Recognize the maki	ng subject or theme in works of dance, musi	ic, theatre, and visual art.	
<b>Essential Questions</b>	Student Learning Objectives	Suggested Tasks/Activities	Evidence of Learning (Assessment)
<ul> <li>How are different body movements used to create or represent dance from different cultures?</li> <li>How are the values of culture represented in dance?</li> </ul>		<ul> <li><u>Kindergarten Activities</u></li> <li>Students will perform and/or watch a dance to identify the theme being expressed. Examples include:         <ul> <li>Find a word or theme that describes an item on the list and let children use it as inspiration. For example, for 4th of July fireworks use explosive movement, for a statue in town square create a high, proud shape. For a town trolley, create linear pathways using walking, skipping, or galloping. However, don't require all the children to do the same movement, let them create their own movement within a certain framework.</li> <li><u>Angelina Ballerina - Friendship Theme</u>)</li> <li>Engage students in folk dances,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>After improvisation dances, reflect and discuss how it felt to move.</li> <li>KWL Chart used to identify knowledge of cultural dance.</li> <li>Self-assessment: Give students the opportunity to consider the quality of their own learning and performance, individually and in collaboration with others, with respect to curricular objectives, content benchmarks, and/or specified criteria. Self-assessment is only used formatively and gives students the responsibility of identifying competencies and challenges in their own work, and to devise appropriate strategies for improvement. Examples include setting personal goals and checking one's progress toward them, and comparing one's work to the criteria</li> </ul>

different levels based on a folk	technology when appropriate):
tale or world culture.	<ul> <li>Sharing feelings, dreams,</li> </ul>
	and wishes about dance and
1st and 2nd Grade Activities	dancing
<ul> <li>Research, learn and perform</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Planning and documenting</li> </ul>
simple traditional dances from	choreographic process
various cultures (Ten Dances	(sketching or collecting
Around the World 20 Amazing	ideas for a dance)
Dances from Around the World).	<ul> <li>Personal responses to</li> </ul>
Compare and contrast the	performances
elements of dance in each.	- Peer Critique/ Assessment: When
<ul> <li>Students will perform and/or</li> </ul>	students engage in peer assessment
watch a dance to identify the	or critique, they can use rubrics,
theme being expressed. Critique	checklists, and protocols (using
the dance using the performance	technology)to focus their feedback
rubric. Examples include:	on the criteria for the task, and
- Find a word or theme that	-
describes an item on the	constructive peer-to-peer feedback,
list and let children use it	such as
as inspiration. For	- "I noticed …"
example, for 4th of July	- "I like the way because"
fireworks use explosive	- "Have you thought of?"
movement, for a statue in	
town square create a	- Hand Signals: Ask students to
high, proud shape. For a	display a designated hand signal to
town trolley, create linear	indicate their understanding of a
pathways using walking,	specific concept, principle, or
skipping, or galloping.	process
However, don't require all	•
the children to do the	and can explain it (e.g.,
same movement, let	thumbs up).
them create their own	- I do not yet understand
movement within a	-
certain framework.	(e.g., thumbs down).
- Angelina Ballerina -	- I'm not completely sure
Friendship Theme)	
- Select a famous choreographer.	wave hand).
( <u>Sample book list</u> ) 2. Identify	
characteristics (gender, age,	
training, style) of the	Performance Rubrics

Resources/Materials	<ul> <li><u>Creative Dance Integration Lesson F</u></li> <li><u>Sample book list</u> (choreographers)</li> <li><u>Using Movement to Teach Academi</u></li> <li><u>Glossary of Terms</u></li> </ul>	created by the choreographer and identify aesthetic qualities that make it exemplary.	<u>Dance Rubric 1</u> <u>Dance Rubric 2</u>
Interdisciplinary Connections 21st Century Life and Careers Technology Standards	<ul> <li>6.1.4.D.13 Describe how culture is expresse</li> <li>2.5.2.A.4 Correct movement errors in respo</li> <li>9.2.4.A.3 Investigate both traditional and no</li> <li>8.1.2.B.1 Illustrate and communicate origina</li> <li>8.1.2.A.2 Create a document using a word p</li> </ul>	nse to feedback ontraditional careers and relate information al ideas and stories using multiple digital to	n to personal likes and dislikes
	Ν	Aodifications	
English Language Learners	Special Education	At-Risk	Gifted and Talented
<ul> <li>Speak and display terminology and movement</li> <li>Teacher modeling</li> <li>Peer modeling</li> <li>Develop and post routines</li> <li>Label dance and classroom materials</li> <li>Word walls</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Utilize modifications &amp; accommodations delineated in the student's IEP</li> <li>Work with paraprofessional</li> <li>Use multi-sensory teaching approaches. Pictures, scarves, hula hoops, hats balloons, rhythmic instruments, and other props provide helpful visual, auditory, and tactile reinforcement of ideas.</li> <li>Work with a partner</li> <li>Provide concrete examples and relate all new movements to previously learned moves or to typical life skills at home (i.e., open and close a door for a pulling or pushing movement).</li> <li>Solidify and refine concepts through repetition.</li> <li>Change movement requirements to reduce activity time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Using visual demonstrations, illustrations, and models</li> <li>Give directions/instructions verbally and in simple written format.</li> <li>Peer Support</li> <li>Increase one on one time</li> <li>Teachers may modify instructions by modeling what the student is expected to do</li> <li>Instructions may be printed out in large print and hung up for the student to see during the time of the lesson.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Curriculum compacting</li> <li>Inquiry-based instruction</li> <li>Independent study</li> <li>Higher order thinking skills</li> <li>Adjusting the pace of lessons</li> <li>Interest based content</li> <li>Real world scenarios</li> <li>Student Driven Instruction</li> </ul>