COURSE TITLE

Grade 6 English Language Arts

LENGTH

Full Year Grade 6

DEPARTMENT

English

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SCHOOL

Pierrepont School

DATE

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I. Introduction/Overview/Philosophy

This curriculum will provide students with the opportunity to develop their viewing, listening, speaking and writing skills. Learning will be an interactive process involving both teachers and students. Students will not only master skills, but apply and utilize these skills in other areas of their studies.

Students will learn to view media with a critical eye as well as understand and use persuasive techniques employed in advertising. They will have an opportunity to use active listening skills in a variety of situations. Students will learn the skills that will enable them to speak in a clear and concise manner for different audiences and purposes. Students will understand that writing is both a process and a product. While exploring different writing forms, students will also learn mechanics and spelling. This course will encourage students in developing the aptitude and ability needed to construct meaning from written, audio, and visual text. Various learning experiences will provide students with opportunities to employ decoding and comprehension skills through discovering, clarifying and evaluating ideas. This course will encourage active involvement in the process of getting meaning beyond the literal, and will build up to and incorporate the higher level thinking skills necessary for the students to analyze, synthesize and evaluate.

Skilled reading is constructive, fluent and strategic. In order for reading to be relevant, students will be encouraged to draw upon background knowledge and prior experiences. In addition, independent silent reading, will be incorporated into the reading program. The ultimate goal of the reading curriculum is to produce readers who are thoughtful and purposeful. Reading is a skill that continues to improve through practice rather than learned though skills taught in isolation.

II. Objectives

Course Outline:

- A. Writing
 - a. Writing Process
 - i. Prewriting
 - ii. Drafting
 - iii. Revising
 - iv. Editing
 - v. Publishing
 - b. Writing as a Product
 - i. Narrative
 - ii. Expository
 - iii. Descriptive
 - iv. Informative
 - v. Persuasive
 - vi. Report writing
 - vii. Poetry
 - viii. Writing for different purposes
 - ix. Writing for different audiences

- x. Exposure to literary devices (ex. simile, metaphor, dialogue, personification, onomatopoeia) and application at the sentenced level
- c. Mechanics, Spelling, and Handwriting
 - i. Varied sentence structure from simple to complex
 - ii. Grammar
 - iii. Usage
 - iv. Punctuation
 - v. Capitalization
 - vi. Spelling
 - vii. Handwriting-legibility in cursive or manuscript
- d. Vocabulary
 - i. knowledge of roots, prefixes and suffixes
 - ii. synonyms, antonyms, and analogies
 - iii. spelling
- e. Media
 - i. recognize and apply persuasive language and techniques in advertising
 - ii. classify television programs according to genre, purpose, demographics and point of view
 - iii. evaluate various media forms
- f. Communication
 - i. examine different forms of both verbal and non-verbal communication
 - ii. use visual aids, media, and/or technology to enhance communication
- g. Listening
 - i. critique oral selections for speaker's choice of language, supporting ideas.
 - ii. take notes and respond with pertinent questions to an oral presentation
- h. Speaking
 - i. participate in small groups and whole class discussion
 - ii. support a position in an organized manner and accept the opinions of others
 - iii. present an oral presentation with central theme, logical sequences, main ideas, supporting details to an audience of peers
 - iv. Use verbal and non-verbal elements to maintain audience focus during an oral presentation

B. Reading

- a. Medieval Theme
 - i. Understand concepts of print
 - ii. Improve decoding and word recognition skills
 - iii. Improve fluency
 - iv. Apply a variety of reading strategies (before, during, and after reading) (9.1.4.
 - v. Focus on building higher level vocabulary and concept development
 - vi. Develop higher level comprehension skills
 - vii. Create a response to text
 - viii. Apply inquiry and research based skills
 - ix. Participate in small group and whole class discussion regarding material read
 - x. Utilize questioning techniques to enhance discussions
 - xi. Contribute to discussions in appropriate ways
 - xii. Become conscious of word choice through participation in discussions
 - xiii. Complete an oral presentation related to a theme
 - xiv. Show active listening during presentations and group discussions
 - xv. Improve listening comprehension

- xvi. Demonstrate listening comprehension through oral and written responses
- xvii. Construct meaning from a visual source of technology
- xviii. Develop a better understanding of how we live with media
- b. Points of View
 - i. Apply a variety of reading strategies (before, during, and after reading)
 - ii. Focus on building higher level vocabulary and concept development
 - iii. Develop higher level comprehension skills
 - iv. Create a response to text
 - v. Apply inquiry and research based skills
 - vi. Participate in small group and whole class discussion regarding material read
 - vii. Utilize questioning techniques to enhance discussions
 - viii. Contribute to discussions in appropriate ways
 - ix. Become conscious of word choice through participation in discussions
 - x. Complete an oral presentation related to a theme
 - xi. Show active listening during presentations and group discussions
 - xii. Improve listening comprehension
 - xiii. Demonstrate listening comprehension through oral and written responses
 - xiv. Construct meaning from a visual source of technology
- c. Coming of Age
 - i. Apply a variety of reading strategies (before, during, and after reading)
 - ii. Focus on building higher level vocabulary and concept development
 - iii. Develop higher level comprehension skills
 - iv. Create a response to text
 - v. Apply inquiry and research based skills
 - vi. Participate in small group and whole class discussion regarding material read
 - vii. Utilize questioning techniques to enhance discussions
 - viii. Contribute to discussions in appropriate ways
- d. Become conscious of word choice through participation in discussions
- e. Show active listening during presentations and group discussions
- f. Improve listening comprehension
- g. Demonstrate listening comprehension through oral and written responses
- h. Constructing meaning from a visual source of technology
- i. Develop a better understanding of how we live with media
- j. Greek Mythology Theme
 - i. Apply a variety of reading strategies (before, during, and after reading)
 - ii. Focus on building higher level vocabulary and concept development
 - iii. Develop higher level comprehension skills
 - iv. Create a response to text
 - v. Apply inquiry and research based skills
 - vi. Participate in small group and whole class discussion regarding material read
 - vii. Utilize questioning techniques to enhance discussions
 - viii. Contribute to discussions in appropriate ways
 - ix. Become conscious of word choice through participation in discussions
 - x. Complete an oral presentation related to a theme
 - xi. Show active listening during presentations and group discussions
 - xii. Improve listening comprehension
 - xiii. Demonstrate listening comprehension through oral and written responses
 - xiv. Construct meaning from a visual source of technology

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xv. Develop a better understanding of how we live with media

Student Outcomes:

After successfully completing this course, the student will be able to:

- Apply a variety of reading strategies (before, during, and after reading)
- Focus on building higher level vocabulary and concept development
- Develop higher level comprehension skills
- Create a response to text
- Apply inquiry and research based skills
- Participate in small group and whole class discussion regarding material read
- Utilize questioning techniques to enhance discussions
- Contribute to discussions in appropriate ways
- Become conscious of word choice through participation in discussions
- Complete an oral presentation related to a theme
- Show active listening during presentations and group discussions
- Improve listening comprehension
- Demonstrate listening comprehension through oral and written responses
- Construct meaning from a visual source of technology
- Develop a better understanding of how we live with media
- Write for different purposes
- Write for different audiences

New Jersey Student Learning Standards English Language Arts

Grade 6

The standards define general, cross-disciplinary literacy expectations that must be met for students to be prepared to enter college and workforce training programs ready to succeed. The K-12 grade-specific standards define end-of-year expectations and a cumulative progression designed to enable students to meet college and career readiness expectations no later than the end of high school.

Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards, retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades, and work steadily toward meeting the more general expectations described by the standards.

Anchor Standards for Reading

Key Ideas and Details

NJSLSA.R1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

NJSLSA.R2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

NJSLSA.R3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Craft and Structure

NJSLSA.R4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

NJSLSA.R5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

NJSLSA.R6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

NJSLSA.R7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

NJSLSA.R8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

NJSLSA.R9. Analyze and reflect on how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

NJSLSA.R10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently with scaffolding as needed.

Grade 6

Progress Indicators for Reading Literature

Key Ideas and Details

RL.6.1. Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

RL.6.2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.

RL.6.3. Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.

Craft and Structure

RL.6.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.

RL.6.5. Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.

RL.6.6. Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RL.6.7. Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.

RL.6.8. (Not applicable to literature)

RL.6.9. Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

RL.6.10. By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.

Grade 6

Progress Indicators for Reading Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

RI.6.1. Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

RI.6.2. Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.

RI.6.3. Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes).

Craft and Structure

RI.6.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.

RI.6.5. Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.

RI.6.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.6.7. Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.

RI.6.8. Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

RI.6.9. Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person).

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

RI.6.10. By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Anchor Standards for Writing

Text Types and Purposes

NJSLSA.W1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

NJSLSA.W2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

NJSLSA.W3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

NJSLSA.W4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

NJSLSA.W5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

NJSLSA.W6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

NJSLSA.W7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects, utilizing an inquiry-based research process, based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

NJSLSA.W8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.

NJSLSA.W9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Range of Writing

NJSLSA.W10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Grade 6

Progress Indicators for Writing

Text Types and Purposes

W.6.1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.

- A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.
- B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
- C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.
- D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.
- E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.

W.6.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

- A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension.
- B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- C. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.
- F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.

W.6.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

- A. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- C. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
- D. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

Production and Distribution of Writing

W.6.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

W.6.5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

W.6.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

W.6.7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.

W.6.8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.

W.6.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

- A. Apply *grade 6 Reading standards* to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics").
- B. Apply *grade 6 Reading standards* to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not").

Range of Writing

W.6.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Anchor Standards for Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

NJSLSA.SL1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

NJSLSA.SL2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

NJSLSA.SL3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

NJSLSA.SL4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

NJSLSA.SL5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

NJSLSA.SL6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Grade 6

Progress Indicators for Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

SL.6.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

- A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
- B. Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
- C. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.
- D. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.

SL.6.2. Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.

SL.6.3. Deconstruct a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

SL.6.4. Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate speaking behaviors (e.g., eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation).

SL.6.5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.

SL.6.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Anchor Standards for Language

Conventions of Standard English

NJSLSA.L1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

NJSLSA.L2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language

NJSLSA.L3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

NJSLSA.L4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

NJSLSA.L5. Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

NJSLSA.L6. Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

Grade 6

Progress Indicators for Language

Conventions of Standard English

L.6.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

- A. Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive).
- B. Use intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
- C. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.
- D. Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).
- E. Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.

L.6.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

- A. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.
- B. Spell correctly.

Knowledge of Language

L.6.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

- A. Vary sentence patterns for meaning (syntax), reader/listener interest, and style/voice.
- B. Maintain consistency in style and tone.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

L.6.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., *audience, auditory, audible*).
- C. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
- D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- L.6.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
 - A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.
 - B. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to better understand each of the words.
 - C. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., *stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty*).

L.6.6. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

COMPANION STANDARDS FOR HISTORY, SOCIAL STUDIES, AND TECHNICAL SUBJECTS

History, Social Studies, Science and Technical Subjects Grades 6-8

Anchor Standards for Reading

Key Ideas and Details

NJSLSA.R1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

NJSLSA.R2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

NJSLSA.R3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Craft and Structure

NJSLSA.R4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

NJSLSA.R5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

NJSLSA.R6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

NJSLSA.R7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

NJSLSA.R8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

NJSLSA.R9. Analyze and reflect on how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

NJSLSA.R10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently with scaffolding as needed.

Grades 6-8

Progress Indicators Reading History

Reading History and Social Studies

The standards below begin at grade 6; standards for K-5 reading in history/social studies, science, and technical subjects are integrated into the K-5 Reading standards. The CCR anchor standards and high school standards in literacy work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity.

Key Ideas and Details

RH.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.

RH.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

RH.6-8.3. Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).

Craft and Structure

RH.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.

RH.6-8.5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).

RH.6-8.6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RH.6-8.7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.

RH.6-8.8. Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.

RH.6-8.9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

RH.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Grades 6-8 Progress Indicators Reading Science and Technical Subjects

Key Ideas and Details

RST.6-8.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.

RST.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

RST.6-8.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.

Craft and Structure

RST.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to *grades 6-8 texts and topics*.

RST.6-8.5. Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.

RST.6-8.6. Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RST.6-8.7. Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

RST.6-8.8. Distinguish among facts, reasoned judgment based on research findings, and speculation in a text.

RST.6-8.9. Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

RST.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Anchor Standards for Writing

Text Types and Purposes

NJSLSA.W1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

NJSLSA.W2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

NJSLSA.W3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

NJSLSA.W4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

NJSLSA.W5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

NJSLSA.W6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

NJSLSA.W7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects, utilizing an inquiry-based research process, based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

NJSLSA.W8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.

NJSLSA.W9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Range of Writing

NJSLSA.W10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Grades 6-8 Progress Indicators for Writing History, Science and Technical Subjects

The standards below begin at grade 6; standards for K-5 writing in history/social studies, science, and technical subjects are integrated into the K-5 writing standards. The CCR anchor standards and high school standards in

literacy work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity.

Text Types and Purposes

WHST.6-8.1. Write arguments focused on *discipline-specific content*.

- A. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
- B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources.
- C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.
- E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

WHST.6-8.2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

- A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information using text structures (e.g. definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g. headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension.
- B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.
- F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

WHST.6-8.3

(See note; not applicable as a separate requirement) **Production and Distribution of Writing**

WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

WHST.6-8.5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

WHST.6-8.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently. **Research to Build and Present Knowledge**

WHST.6-8.7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

WHST.6-8.8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

WHST.6-8.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Range of Writing

WHST.6-8.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self-correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

21st Century Life and Careers Career Ready Practices

CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee

Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.

CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills

Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation

CRP 3 Attend to personal health and financial well-being

Career-ready individuals understand the relationship between personal health, workplace performance and personal well-being; they act on that understanding to regularly practice healthy diet, exercise and mental health activities. Career-ready individuals also take regular action to contribute to their personal financial wellbeing, understanding that personal financial security provides the peace of mind required to contribute more fully to their own career success.

CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

CRP5 Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

Career-ready individuals understand the interrelated nature of their actions and regularly make decisions that positively impact and/or mitigate negative impact on other people, organization, and the environment. They are aware of and utilize new technologies, understandings, procedures, materials, and regulations affecting the

nature of their work as it relates to the impact on the social condition, the environment and the profitability of the organization.

CRP6 Demonstrate creativity and innovation

Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.

CRP 7 Employ valid and reliable research strategies

Career-ready individuals are discerning in accepting and using new information to make decisions, change practices or inform strategies. They use reliable research process to search for new information. They evaluate the validity of sources when considering the use and adoption of external information or practices in their workplace situation.

CRP8 Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them

Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.

CRP9 Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management

Career-ready individuals consistently act in ways that align personal and community-held ideals and principles while employing strategies to positively influence others in the workplace. They have a clear understanding of integrity and act on this understanding in every decision. They use a variety of means to positively impact the directions and actions of a team or organization, and they apply insights into human behavior to change others' action, attitudes and/or beliefs. They recognize the near-term and long-term effects that management's actions and attitudes can have on productivity, morals and organizational culture.

CRP10 Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals

Career-ready individuals take personal ownership of their own education and career goals, and they regularly act on a plan to attain these goals. They understand their own career interests, preferences, goals, and requirements. They have perspective regarding the pathways available to them and the time, effort, experience and other requirements to pursue each, including a path of entrepreneurship. They recognize the value of each step in the education and experiential process, and they recognize that nearly all career paths require ongoing education and experience. They seek counselors, mentors, and other experts to assist in the planning and execution of career and personal goals.

CRP11 Use technology to enhance productivity

Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.

CRP12 Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence

Career-ready individuals positively contribute to every team, whether formal or informal. They apply an awareness of cultural difference to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction. They find ways to increase the engagement and contribution of all team members. They plan and facilitate effective team meetings.

TECHNOLOGY STANDARDS

STANDARD 8.1: EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY: ALL STUDENTS WILL USE DIGITAL TOOLS TO ACCESS, MANAGE, EVALUATE, AND SYNTHESIZE INFORMATION IN ORDER TO SOLVE PROBLEMS INDIVIDUALLY AND COLLABORATE AND TO CREATE AND COMMUNICATE KNOWLEDGE.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: *Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.*

8.1.8.A.1 - Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2 - Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

8.1.8.A.3 - Use and/or develop a simulation that provides an environment to solve a real world problem or theory.

8.1.8.A.4 - Graph and calculate data within a spreadsheet and present a summary of the results

8.1.8.A.5 - Create a database query, sort and create a report and describe the process, and explain the report results.

B. Creativity and Innovation: *Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.*

8.1.8.B.1 - Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

C. Communication and Collaboration: *Students use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively, including at a distance, to support individual learning and contribute to the learning of others.*

8.1.8.C.1 - Collaborate to develop and publish work that provides perspectives on a global problem for discussions with learners from other countries.

D. Digital Citizenship: *Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.*

8.1.8.D.1 - Understand and model appropriate online behaviors related to cyber safety, cyber bullying, cyber security, and cyber ethics including appropriate use of social media.

8.1.8.D.2 - Demonstrate the application of appropriate citations to digital content.

8.1.8.D.4 - Assess the credibility and accuracy of digital content.

8.1.8.D.5 - Understand appropriate uses for social media and the negative consequences of misuse.

E: Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

8.1.8.E.1 - Effectively use a variety of search tools and filters in professional public databases to find information to solve a real world problem.

F: Critical thinking, problem solving, and decision making: *Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources.*

8.1.8.F.1 - Explore a local issue, by using digital tools to collect and analyze data to identify a solution and make an informed decision.

TECHNOLOGY STANDARDS

STANDARD 8.2: TECHNOLOGY EDUCATION, ENGINEERING, DESIGN, AND COMPUTATIONAL THINKING – PROGRAMMING: ALL STUDENTS WILL DEVELOP AN UNDERSTANDING OF THE NATURE AND IMPACT OF TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING, TECHNOLOGICAL DESIGN, COMPUTATIONAL THINKING, AND THE DESIGNED WORLD AS THEY RELATE TO THE INDIVIDUAL, GLOBAL SOCIETY, AND THE ENVIRONMENT.

A. The Nature of Technology: Creativity and Innovation *Technology systems impact every aspect of the world in which we live.*

8.2.8.A.1 - Research a product that was designed for a specific demand and identify how the product has changed to meet new demands (i.e. telephone for communication - smart phone for mobility needs).

8.2.8.A.2 - Examine a system, consider how each part relates to other parts, and discuss a part to redesign to improve the system.

8.2.8.A.3 - Investigate a malfunction in any part of a system and identify its impacts.

8.2.8.A.4 - Redesign an existing product that impacts the environment to lessen its impact(s) on the environment.

8.2.8.A.5 - Describe how resources such as material, energy, information, time, tools, people, and capital contribute to a technological product or system.

B. Technology and Society: *Knowledge and understanding of human, cultural and societal values are fundamental when designing technological systems and products in the global society.*

8.2.8.B.1 - Evaluate the history and impact of sustainability on the development of a designed product or system over time and present results to peers.

8.2.8.B.2 - Identify the desired and undesired consequences from the use of a product or system.

8.2.8.B.3 - Research and analyze the ethical issues of a product or system on the environment and report findings for review by peers and /or experts.

8.2.8.B.4 - Research examples of how humans can devise technologies to reduce the negative consequences of other technologies and present your findings.

8.2.8.B.5 - Identify new technologies resulting from the demands, values, and interests of individuals, businesses, industries and societies.

8.2.8.B.6 - Compare and contrast the different types of intellectual property including copyrights, patents and trademarks.

8.2.8.B.7 - Analyze the historical impact of waste and demonstrate how a product is upcycled, reused or remanufactured into a new product.

C. Design: The design process is a systematic approach to solving problems.

8.2.8.C.1 - Explain how different teams/groups can contribute to the overall design of a product.

8.2.8.C.2 - Explain the need for optimization in a design process.

8.2.8.C.3 - Evaluate the function, value, and aesthetics of a technological product or system, from the perspective of the user and the producer.

8.2.8.C.4 - Identify the steps in the design process that would be used to solve a designated problem.

8.2.8.C.5 - Explain the interdependence of a subsystem that operates as part of a system.

8.2.8.C.5a - Create a technical sketch of a product with materials and measurements labeled.

8.2.8.C.6 - Collaborate to examine a malfunctioning system and identify the step-by-step process used to troubleshoot, evaluate and test options to repair the product, presenting the better solution.

8.2.8.C.7 - Collaborate with peers and experts in the field to research and develop a product using the design process, data analysis and trends, and maintain a design log with annotated sketches to record the developmental cycle.

8.2.8.C.8 - Develop a proposal for a chosen solution that include models (physical, graphical or mathematical) to communicate the solution to peers.

D. Abilities for a Technological World: *The designed world is the product of a design process that provides the means to convert resources into products and systems.*

8.2.8.D.1 - Design and create a product that addresses a real world problem using a design process under specific constraints.

8.2.8.D.2 - Identify the design constraints and trade-offs involved in designing a prototype (e.g., how the prototype might fail and how it might be improved) by completing a design problem and reporting results in a multimedia presentation, design portfolio or engineering notebook.

8.2.8.D.3 - Build a prototype that meets a STEM-based design challenge using science, engineering, and math principles that validate a solution.

8.2.8.D.4 - Research and publish the steps for using and maintaining a product or system and incorporate diagrams or images throughout to enhance user comprehension.

8.2.8.D.5 - Explain the impact of resource selection and the production process in the development of a common or technological product or system.

8.2.8.D.6 - Identify and explain how the resources and processes used in the production of a current technological product can be modified to have a more positive impact on the environment.

E. Computational Thinking: Programming: *Computational thinking builds and enhances problem solving, allowing students to move beyond using knowledge to creating knowledge.*

8.2.8.E.1 - Identify ways computers are used that have had an impact across the range of human activity and within different careers where they are used.

8.2.8.E.2 - Demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between hardware and software.

8.2.8.E.3 - Develop an algorithm to solve an assigned problem using a specified set of commands and use peer review to critique the solution.

8.2.8.E.4 - Use appropriate terms in conversation (e.g., programming, language, data, RAM, ROM, Boolean logic terms).

21st Century Life and Careers Standard 9.2: Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

- 9.2.8.B.1 Research careers within the 16 Career Clusters ® and determine attributes of career success.
- 9.2.8.B.2 Develop a Personalized Student Learning Plan with the assistance of an adult mentor that includes information about career areas if interest, goals and an educational plan.
- 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.
- 9.2.8.B.4 Evaluate how traditional and nontraditional careers have evolved regionally, nationally, and globally.
- 9.2.8.B.5 Analyze labor market trends using state and federal labor market information and other resources available online.
- 9.2.8.B.6 Demonstrate understanding of the necessary preparation and legal requirements to enter the

Grade 6 English Language Arts workforce.

9.2.8.B.7 – Evaluate the impact of online activities and social media on employer decisions.

III. Proficiency Levels

This curriculum is appropriate for all students in Grade 6.

IV. Methods of Assessment

Student Assessment

Student progress and achievements are assessed through a variety of formal and informal methods of assessment that include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Formal
 - o Published tests
 - Teacher-made tests
 - Individual student writing portfolios
 - Homework
 - Class work
 - Class participation
 - o Projects
 - Short Constructed Response
 - Standardized Testing Rubrics
 - Standardized tests
- Informal
 - Teacher observation
 - Peer evaluation
 - o Teacher/student feedback
 - o Class discussion
 - Self, peer, teacher collaborative feedback
 - Portfolios
 - o Group/individual reports
 - Activity sheets/workbooks (publisher/teacher-made)
 - Supplemental activities.

Curriculum/Teacher Assessment

The teacher will provide the subject area supervisor with suggestions for changes on an ongoing basis.

V. Grouping

Grade 6 English classes are heterogeneously grouped classes; therefore, no level placement criteria apply to this course of study.

VI. Articulation/Scope & Sequence/Time Frame

Grade 6 English Language Arts is a full year course.

VII. Resources

Texts/Supplemental Reading/References

- Speakers
 - Teachers are encouraged to contact community groups, parents, and organizations to obtain speakers to enhance the curriculum with the approval of the administration.
- References
 - Teachers may contact the English Language Arts department office and the school and local libraries for additional resources. Nearby colleges and other organizations may also be excellent resources.
- Technology
 - Use of technology will conform to the following New Jersey Student Learning Standards: (8.1.8.A.1) (8.1.8.A.2) (8.1.8.A.3) (8.1.8.A.4) (8.1.8.A.5) (8.1.8.B.1) (8.1.8.D.1) (8.1.8.D.2) (8.1.8.D.3) (8.1.8.E.1)
 - Students shall use computers to complete research and for word processing. Teachers shall use appropriate technology to enhance lessons. Students shall use computers for independent practice of developing skills and as part of the writing process.
- Supplies and Materials
 - Audio/video equipment for viewing and listening may be required.
 - In addition, art supplies for projects may also be needed.
- Textbooks
 - o Writer's Craft, McDougall, Littel
 - o Growing Your Vocabulary: Learning from Latin and Greek Roots. 2008. Prestwick House.
 - Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing, Grade 6 with Trade Book Pack A Workshop Curriculum, Lucy Calkins, Teachers College Reading and Writing Project, Columbia University.
- Supplemental Reading/Texts
 - o Reading Milestones, Pro-Ed
 - Computer software
 - Internet resources
 - Dictionaries
 - Videos/DVDs/CD's
 - Supplemental readings which enhance the curriculum may be included at teacher discretion.
 - Poetry Everywhere by Jack Collom and Sheryll Noethe
 - The House on Mango Street by Sandra Cisneros
 - When I Was Your Age, Volume One: Original Stories About Growing Up, Amy Ehrlich (Editor)
- Required Trade books
 - *Midnight Magic*, Avi (Medieval Theme)
 - Walk Two Moons, Creech (Points of View Theme)
 - o The Ghost in the Tokiado Inn, Hobbler (Coming of Age Theme)
 - D'Aulaire's Book of Greek Myths, D'Aulaire (Greek Mythology Theme)
- Optional Readings/Suggested Titles
- Medieval Theme
 - Parsafals Page
 - Rowanhood, Outlaw Girl of Sherwood Forest

- Squire, His Knight and His Lady
- Catherine, Called Birdy
- The Midwife's Apprentice
- Merlin's Mistake
- I am Mordred
- Points of View Theme
 - Flipped
 - The Giver
 - Gathering Blue
 - Maniac Magee
 - Holes
- Coming of Age Theme
 - Year of Impossible Goodbyes
 - Homeless Bird
 - Chinese Cinderella
 - Masada: The Last Fortress
 - Samir and Yontan

• Greek Mythology Theme

- Zeus: Lord of the Sky
- Heracles: Mightiest of Mortals
- Heroes and Monsters of Greek Myth
- Favorite Greek Myths
- Adventures of Ulysses
- Hercules
- Tales of Ancient Greece,
- The Golden Fleece
- Mightiest of Mortals
- A Fair Wind for Troy
- Lord of the Sky
- Apollo, Lord of the Sun
- Two Queens of Heaven
- Athena, Warrior Goddess
- Odysseus in the Serpent Maze
- The Trojan War
- Favorite Greek Myths
- Fantasy Theme
 - So You Want to be a Wizard
 - The Golden Compass
 - A Wizard of Earthsea
 - Islandia
 - The Thief Lord
 - The Bad Beginning
- Short Story Theme
 - Lost and Found
 - Coming of Age in America: A Multicultural Anthology
 - Join In: Multiethnic Short Stories
 - American Street: A Multicultural Anthology

Additions and/or deletions to this list may be made periodically at teacher discretion with approval of the principal(s) and/or the supervisor of English Language Arts.

VIII. Suggested Activities

- Students will keep a daily journal. Teachers may want to give students a journal prompt several times a week.
- Each Friday have a different "Poet of the Week". Students will select and read a poem to the class and explain why they selected that poem.
- During the descriptive writing workshop, have students create travel brochures on a real or imaginary place.
- Students will rewrite a familiar fairy tale from another character's point of view.
- Working with the librarian, research local topics in local newspapers. Have students write letters to the editor for the persuasive writing workshop.
- Create a product and ad campaign for the product including slogan, jingle, hook and commercial. If possible videotape the commercials.
- Literature circles
- Reflective journals
- Traditional comprehension tests
- Theme-related projects

IX. Methodologies

A wide variety of methodologies will be used. The following are suggestions, not limitations, as to how the program may be implemented and facilitated. Codes refer to the New Jersey Student Learning Standards for 21st Century Life and Careers – Career Ready Practices (2014).

- Cooperative learning groups CRP1, CRP4, CRP5, CRP6, CRP8, CRP9, CRP12
- Differentiated instruction methods CRP2, CRP6, CRP8, CRP10
- Workshop approach CRP1, CRP4, CRP5, CRP6, CRP8, CRP9, CRP12
- Individual assignments CRP2, CRP4
- Whole class instruction CRP2, CRP4
- Small group instruction CRP1, CRP4, CRP5, CRP6, CRP8, CRP9, CRP12
- Technology-aided instruction CRP2, CRP4, CRP8, CRP11
- Peer-to-peer instruction CRP1, CRP4, CRP9, CRP12

Career Ready Practices describe the career-ready skills that all educators in all content areas should seek to develop in their students. They are practices that have been linked to increase college, career and life success. By end of grade 8, students will be able to:

9.2.8.B.1 – Research careers and determine attributes of career success.

9.2.8.B.2 – Develop a Personalized Student Learning Plan with the assistance of an adult mentor that includes information about career areas of interest, goals and an education plan.

9.2.8.B.3 – Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

9.2.8.B.4 – Evaluate how traditional and nontraditional careers have evolved regionally, nationally, and globally.

9.2.8.B.5 – analyze labor market trends using state and federal labor market information and other resources available online.

9.2.8.B.6 - Demonstrate understanding of the necessary preparation of legal requirements to enter the

workforce.

9.2.8.B.7 – Evaluate the impact of online activities and social media on employer decisions.

X. Interdisciplinary Connections

Interdisciplinary curriculum coordination will be done with the other departments on a regular basis. The nature of an English Language Course demands varied text types and genres. Students will be exposed to informational and literary texts that may encompass any of the following areas: art, history, music, science, mathematics, business, and/or technology. Throughout the year, students will use resources from these areas in their English Language Arts class(es). This course reinforces concepts taught in:

- Social Studies
- Humanities
- Mathematics
- Science
- Technology
- Appropriate and competent use of relevant websites and digital software and equipment 8.1.8
- Recording student performances/projects using appropriate audio, video, and /or photographic means to facilitate classroom critique of student growth and progress 8.1.8
- Presentation and exploration of related career possibilities 9.2.8
- Working in teams to create group based learning activities and projects CRP1
- Application of skills learned in class to project based activities CRP2

XI. Differentiating Instruction for Students with Special Needs: Students with Disabilities, Students at Risk, English Language Learners, and Gifted & Talented Students

Differentiating instruction is a flexible process that includes the planning and design of instruction, how that instruction is delivered, and how student progress is measured. Teachers recognize that students can learn in multiple ways as they celebrate students' prior knowledge. By providing appropriately challenging learning, teachers can maximize success for all students.

Differentiating in this course includes but is not limited to:

Differentiation for Support (ELL, Special Education, Students at Risk)

- Peer mentoring on problems
- Differentiated teacher feedback on assignments
- Modelling out accounting problems on whiteboard
- Visual aids as we project problems on whiteboard
- Study guides
- Tiered assignments
- Scaffolding of materials and assignments
- Re-teaching and review
- Guided note taking
- Exemplars of varied performance levels
- Multi-media approach to accommodating various learning styles
- Use of visual and multi-sensory formats

- Use of assisted technology
- Use of prompts
- Modification of content and student products
- Testing accommodations
- Authentic assessments
- Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts
- Visual learning, including graphic organizers
- Use of cognates to increase comprehension
- Teacher modeling
- Pairing students with beginning English language skills with students who have more advanced English language skills
- Scaffolding
 - \circ word walls
 - o sentence frames
 - o think-pair-share
 - o cooperative learning groups
 - teacher think-alouds

Differentiation for Enrichment

- Supplemental reading material for independent study
- Flexible grouping
- Tiered assignments
- Topic selection by interest
- Enhanced expectations for independent study
- Elevated questioning techniques using Webb's Depth of Knowledge matrix
- Adjusting the pace of lessons
- Curriculum compacting
- Inquiry-based instruction
- Independent study
- Higher-order thinking skills
- Interest-based content
- Student-driven
- Real-world problems and scenarios

XII. Professional Development

The teacher will continue to improve expertise through participation in a variety of professional development opportunities.

XIII. Curriculum Map/Pacing Guide

Unit Topic	Time Allocated	Differentiating Instruction for Students with Disabilities, Students at Risk, English Language Learners, & Gifted & Talented Students	Standards	Assessments
Main topic:	10 Weeks			
POINTS OF VIEW		For Support:	NJSLS - ELA:	Formative
		-Graphic organizers:		Assessments:
subtopics:		o Character trait list	RL.6.1, RL.6.2, RL.6.3,	-Teacher observation
		o Story plot	RL.6.4	and feedback
Description:		o KWL charts	RL.6.5, RL.6.6, RL.6.7,	-Ongoing response
How characters learn		-Visuals and sensory	RL.6.9	journals
and change through		formats:	RL.6.10	-Class discussions
their experiences with		o Map of the United		-Comprehension
other people		States	RI.6.1, RI.6.2, RI.6.3,	questions for each
		o Photos of places	RI.6.4, RI.6.5, RI.6.6,	chapter
Materials:		visited	RI.6.7, RI.6.8	-Peer evaluation
Walk Two Moons by		by Phoebe and her	RI.6.9, RI.6.10	-Self, peer, teacher
Sharon Creech		Grandparents		collaborative feedback
Newsela articles		o Videos, if	W.6.7, W.6.8, W.6.9	-Group or individual
CommonLit articles		available		reports
Readworks articles		-Can provide audio	SL.6.1, SL.6.2, SL.6.3,	-Activity
		version of the novel	SL.6.4	sheets/workbooks
Objectives:		- Use of prompts	SL.6.5, SL.6.6	(publisher and teacher-
SWBAT: Utilize active		- Testing		made)
reading strategies,		accommodations and	L.6.1, L.6.2, L.6.3,	-Supplemental activities

including: predicting,	modifications (per IEPs)	L.6.4	
inferring,	o Make notation of	L.6.5, L.6.6	
questioning/clarifying,	such		<u>Summative</u>
making	on report card	21st Century Standards	<u>Assessments:</u>
connections, note taking,	- Authentic assessments	CRP1, CRP2,	-Published and teacher-
summarizing		CRP3,CRP4, CRP5,	made tests and quizzes
	For ELLs :	CRP6, CRP7, CRP8,	-Mount Rushmore
Fiction - Identifying and	-Pre-teach vocabulary	CRP9, CRP10, CRP11	Project -Analysis of
analyzing:	and concepts	CRP12	themes in Walk Two
character/traits, setting,	-Visual learning, include		Moons
plot, types of conflicts,	graphic organizers	Career-ready	-Homework
rising action, climax,	-Use of cognates to	Practices:	-Classwork
falling action, and	increase comprehension	9.2.8.B.1	-Class participation
resolution	-Teacher modeling	9.2.8.B.2	-Short constructed
	-Pair students:	9.2.8.B.3	responses
Nonfiction: Text	beginning ELLs with	9.2.8.B.4	-Standardized tests -
features and text	students who have more	9.2.8.B.5	(DRA and Link It)
structures, author's	advanced English skills	9.2.8.B.6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
purpose	-Scaffolding: word	9.2.8.B.7	
	walls, sentence frames,		
	think-pair-share,	Technology	
	cooperative learning	8.1.8.A.1	
	groups, teacher think-	8.1.8.A.2	
	alouds	8.1.8.A.3	
	-Can provide Walk Two	8.1.8.A.4	
	Moons in Spanish	8.1.8.A.5	
	-Can provide audio	8.1.8.B.1	
	version of the novel	8.1.8.D.1	
	-Leveled informational	8.1.8.D.2	
	reading passages	8.1.8.D.3	
	-Make corrections to	8.1.8.E.1	
	work, but modify grade		
	scale and make note on		
	report card		

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	<u>For RTI:</u>	
	-Informational leveled	
	reading articles (e.g.	
	Newsela, Readworks,	
	etc.) related to topics	
	presented in the novel	
	[South Dakota: The	
	Mount Rushmore State]	
	-Guided reading and	
	review of	
	comprehension	
	questions provided by	
	classroom instructor	
	-Practice active reading	
	strategies: highlighting,	
	visualizing, asking	
	questions, etc.	
	-Vocabulary skill	
	building	
	-Practice test-taking	
	strategies	
	-Review text structures:	
	o Fiction: Characters,	
	plot, setting, conflicts,	
	main idea/theme,	
	author's purpose	
	o Nonfiction:	
	Cause/effect,	
	chronology, layout->	
	meaning	
	For Enhancement:	

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		-Adjust pace of lessons -Curriculum compacting -Inquiry-based instruction: Webquest traveling path of main character -Independent study -Higher-order thinking: Write a journal entry from another character's point of view -Interest-based content: Postcards to and from (from various characters point of view), poems related to content in the novel, etc. -Student driven: Literature circles, PBLs, et. -Real-world problems and scenarios		
WRITER'S WORKSHOP <i>Main Topic:</i> <i>NARRATIVE</i> <u>Description</u> : Students will learn to create personal narratives about a particular moment in time that	13 Weeks Bend 1: Launching Independent Writing Lives and Generating Personal Narratives Lesson 1: Setting Up to Write Lesson 2: Calling On All Strategies to Write Up a Storm	<u>For Support:</u> -Anchor charts -Word lists (adverbs, vivacious verbs) -Color coded writing to ensure all 5 senses are included - Graphic organizers for story plot./development	<u>NJSLS - ELA:</u> RI.6.1, RI.6.2, RI.6.3, RI.6.4, RI.6.5, RI.6.6, RI.6.7, RI.6.8 RI.6.9, RI.6.10 W.6.3, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.7, W.6.9,	<i>Formative assessments:</i> Teacher observations on how students: -Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters;

they themselves have	Lesson 3: Writing from	-Conferencing about	W.6.10	organize an event
experienced. They will	Moments that Really	word choice and		sequence that unfolds
learn how to expand and	Matter	sentence structure	SL.6.1, SL.6.2, SL.6.3,	naturally and
strengthen their writing	Lesson 4: Telling the		SL.6.4	logically.
piece	Story from the	<u>For ELLs</u>	SL.6.5, SL.6.6	-Use narrative
	Narrator's Point of	-Pre-teach vocabulary		
Materials:	View	and concepts	L.6.1, L.6.2, L.6.3,	techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and
Lucy Calkins Unit 31	Lesson 5: Reading	-Visual learning, include	L.6.4	
Narrative Writing Unit	Closely to Learn from	graphic organizers	L.6.5, L.6.6	description, to develop
of Study	Other Authors	-Use of cognates to		experiences, events,
-Colored pencils/pens	Lesson 6: Taking Stock:	increase comprehension	21st Century Standards	and/or characters.
-Chromebooks	Pausing to Assess and	-Teacher modeling	CRP1, CRP2,	-Use a variety of
-Smartboard	Set Goals	-Pair students:	CRP3,CRP4, CRP5,	transition words,
-Highlighters		beginning ELLs with	CRP6, CRP7, CRP8,	phrases, and clauses to
Mentor texts by Ralph	Bend 2: Moving	students who have more	CRP9, CRP10, CRP11	convey sequence and
Fletcher, Cynthia	though the Writing	advanced English skills	CRP12	signal shifts from one
Rylant, and other young	Process and towards	-Scaffolding: word		time frame or setting
adult authors	Our Goals	walls, sentence frames,	Career-ready	to another.
-Chart paper for anchor	Lesson 7: Rehearsing:	think-pair-share,	Practices:	Use preside words
charts	Experimenting with	cooperative learning	9.2.8.B.1	-Use precise words
	Beginnings	groups, teacher think-	9.2.8.B.2	and phrases, relevant
Newsela articles	Lesson 8: Flash-	alouds	9.2.8.B.3	descriptive details, and
CommonLit articles	Drafting: Get the Whole	-Make corrections to	9.2.8.B.4	sensory language to
Readworks articles	Story on the Page	work, but modify grade	9.2.8.B.5	convey experiences and events.
Objectives:	Lesson 9: Using	scale and make note on	9.2.8.B.6	and events.
Unit 31 Narrative	Writer's Notebooks for	report card	9.2.8.B.7	-Provide a conclusion
Writing Unit of Study	Mindful, Goal-Driven	-Leveled informational		that follows from the
	Work	reading passages	Technology	narrated experiences
SWBAT:	Lesson 10: Re-Angling	-Shorter assignments	8.1.8.A.1	or eventsPeer edits
-Write narratives to	and REwriting to	(e.g. draw a picture,	8.1.8.A.2	checking for word
develop real or	Convey What a Story Is	then write a simple story	8.1.8.A.3	choice, sentence
imagined experiences	Really About	to go along with it)	8.1.8.A.4	structure.
or events using	Lesson 11: Elaborating		8.1.8.A.5	-Flash drafts
effective technique,	on Important Scenes and	For RTI:	8.1.8.B.1	brainstorming ideas
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relevant descriptive details, and well- structured event sequences -Story will include: prewriting, a setting, plot, rising action, climax, falling action, a resolution, and compositional risks, such as dialogue or inner thought. -Maintain a Writer's Notebook -Develop and Increase writing stamina	Adding New Ones from the Past Lesson 12: Using All Available Resources to Aid with Final Touches Bend III: Writing a Second Personal Narrative with New Independence Lesson 13: Taking Charge of the Writing Process: Deciding Where to BEgin and How to Revise from the Get-Go Lesson 14: Slowing Down and Stretching Out the Story's Problem Lesson 15: Ending Stories in Meaningful Ways Lesson 16: Editing Sentences for Rhythm and Meaning Lesson 17: Publishing and Celebrating as a Community of Writers	-Provide support on classroom writing assignment: *Students read written work aloud to teacher or to a peer *Provide examples to add further detail *Graphic organizers:Story plot, story map, timelines, etc. *Individual whiteboards for students to take notes on <u>For enhancement:</u> - Adjusting pace of lessons -Higher order thinking skills: e.g. have students include flashbacks/flash forwards - Student driven -Real-world scenarios	8.1.8.D.1 8.1.8.D.2 8.1.8.D.3 8.1.8.E.1	about personal experiences -Graphic organizers plotting beginning, middle, and end of narratives. -Vocabulary lesson activities and worksheets <u>Summative assessment:</u> -Final writing piece: creative narrative about a Halloween adventure story (spooky story for those who do not celebrate the holiday). Graded via rubric.
Main topic: COMING OF AGE Subtopic:	10 Weeks	<i>For Support:</i> -Graphic organizers of	<u>NJSLS - ELA:</u>	<u>Formative</u> <u>Assessments:</u>

	character change	RL.6.1, RL.6.2, RL.6.3,	-Teacher observation
Description: Students	-Charts about dystopian	RL.6.4	and feedback
will explore the process	characteristics	RL.6.5, RL.6.6, RL.6.7,	-Ongoing response
by which a young	-Webs about society's	RL.6.9	journals
character develops over	members and their roles	RL.6.10	-Class discussions
the course of his			-Comprehension
formative years and	For ELLs	RI.6.1, RI.6.2, RI.6.3,	questions for each
discovers his identity.	-Pre-teach vocabulary	RI.6.4, RI.6.5, RI.6.6,	chapter
	and concepts	RI.6.7, RI.6.8	-Peer evaluation
Materials:	-Visual learning, include	RI.6.9, RI.6.10	-Self, peer, teacher
<i>Ghost in Tokaido Inn</i> by	graphic organizers		collaborative feedback
Dorothy and Thomas	-Use of cognates to	W.6.7, W.6.8, W.6.9	-Group or individual
Hoobler or	increase comprehension		reports
The Giver by Lois	-Teacher modeling	SL.6.1, SL.6.2, SL.6.3,	-Activity
Lowry	-Pair students:	SL.6.4	sheets/workbooks
Newsela articles	beginning ELLs with	SL.6.5, SL.6.6	(publisher and teacher-
CommonLit articles	students who have more		(paolisiter and teacher made)
Readworks articles	advanced English skills	L.6.1, L.6.2, L.6.3,	-Supplemental activities
Read works articles	-Scaffolding: word	L.6.4	Supplemental activities
Objectives:	walls, sentence frames,	L.6.5, L.6.6	
	think-pair-share,		Summative
SWBAT: Utilize active	cooperative learning	21st Century Standards	Assessments:
reading strategies,	groups, teacher think-	CRP1, CRP2,	-Published and teacher-
including: predicting,	alouds	CRP3,CRP4, CRP5,	made tests and quizzes
inferring,	-Can provide <i>Walk Two</i>	CRP6, CRP7, CRP8,	-Projects: e.g. Create a
questioning/clarifying,	Moons in Spanish	CRP9, CRP10, CRP11	Dystopian world with
making	-Can provide audio	CRP12	different rules and
connections, note taking,	version of the novel		expectations -
summarizing	-Leveled informational	Career-ready	Homework
Sammarizing	reading passages	Practices:	-Classwork
Fiction - Identifying and	-Make corrections to	<u>9.2.8.B.1</u>	-Class participation
analyzing:	work, but modify grade	9.2.8.B.2	-Short constructed
character/traits, setting,	scale and make note on	9.2.8.B.3	responses
plot, types of conflicts,	report card	9.2.8.B.4	-Standardized tests - (
piot, types of conflicts,	report card	/.2.0.D.T	Standardized tests - (

rising action, climax,		9.2.8.B.5	Link It)
falling action, and	For RTI:	9.2.8.B.6	-
resolution	-Informational leveled	9.2.8.B.7	
	reading articles (e.g.		
	Newsela, Readworks,	Technology	
Nonfiction: Text	Common Lit, etc.)	8.1.8.A.1	
features and text	related to topics	8.1.8.A.2	
structures, author's	presented in the novel	8.1.8.A.3	
purpose	[About Fahrenheit 451;	8.1.8.A.4	
	Omelas; The Lottery]	8.1.8.A.5	
	-Guided reading and	8.1.8.B.1	
	review of	8.1.8.D.1	
	comprehension	8.1.8.D.2	
	questions provided by	8.1.8.D.3	
	classroom instructor	8.1.8.E.1	
	-Practice active reading		
	strategies: highlighting,		
	visualizing, asking		
	questions, etc.		
	-Vocabulary skill		
	building		
	-Practice test-taking		
	strategies		
	-Review text structures:		
	o Fiction: Characters,		
	plot, setting, conflicts,		
	main idea/theme,		
	problem/solution		
	o Nonfiction:		
	Headings and		
	subheadings,		
	compare/contrast, text		
	image placement,		
	description		

		For Enhancement: -Adjust pace of lessons -Curriculum compacting -Inquiry-based instruction: Webquest traveling path of main character -Independent study -Higher-order thinking: Write a journal entry from another character's point of view -Interest-based content: Postcards to and from (from various characters point of view), poems related to content in the novel, etc. -Student driven: Literature circles, PBLs, et. -Real-world problems and scenarios -Supplemental texts: Ray Bradbury's <u>The</u> <u>Pedestrian/All Summer</u> <u>in a Day & Isaac</u> Asimov <u>The Fun They</u> Had		
WRITER'S WORKSHOP	14 Weeks Bend I-	Had For Support:	NJSLS - ELA:	Formative assessments:

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INFORMATIONAL	Lesson I: Becoming	-Use of		
	Engaged with a Topic	analogies/anchor charts	RI.6.1, RI.6.2, RI.6.3,	Teacher observations on
Description:	Lesson 2: Reading for a	of (hamburger, oreo)	RI.6.4, RI.6.5, RI.6.6,	how students include the
Students learn ways to	Wide View of a Topic:	-Students follow	RI.6.7, RI.6.8	following on their
research and write	Teen Activism	formula to compare and	RI.6.9, RI.6.10	essays:
informational essays,	Lesson 3: Preparing to	contrast two texts		-Introduce a topic and
books, and digital	Write Informational	o Highlight	W.6.3, W.6.4, W.6.5,	organize ideas,
presentations or	Essays: Finding a	evidence	W.6.6, W.6.7, W.6.9,	concepts, and
websites to teach their	Supporting Key Points	together as a class	W.6.10	information, using text
readers about a topic,	Lesson 4: Structure Sets	o Fishbowl		structures (e.g.,
using increasingly	You Free: Using Prior	discussion to	SL.6.1, SL.6.2, SL.6.3,	definition, classification,
sophisticated ways to	Knowledge to Flash-	analyze text(s)	SL.6.4	comparison/contrast,
draw on and structure	Draft Essays		SL.6.5, SL.6.6	cause/effect, etc.) and
information to explain a	Bend II-			text features (e.g.,
position to make a call	Lesson 5: The Trail of	For ELLs	L.6.1, L.6.2, L.6.3,	headings, graphics, and
to action.	Research: Pursuing	-Pre-teach vocabulary	L.6.4	multimedia)
	Information and	and concepts	L.6.5, L.6.6	-Develop the topic with
Materials:	Focusing in on Topics	-Visual learning, include		relevant facts,
Lucy Calkins Unit 3	Lesson 6: Envisioning	graphic organizers	21st Century Standards	definitions, concrete
Informational Writing	Structures to Plan an	-Use of cognates to	CRP1, CRP2,	details, quotations, or
Unit of Study	Information Book	increase comprehension	CRP3,CRP4, CRP5,	other information and
Newsela articles	Lesson 7: Constructing	-Teacher modeling	CRP6, CRP7, CRP8,	examples.
CommonLit articles	Texts with Solid Bricks	-Pair students:	CRP9, CRP10, CRP11	-Use appropriate
Readworks articles	of Information	beginning ELLs with	CRP12	transitions to clarify the
	Lesson 8: Research:	students who have more		relationships among
Objectives:	Gathering Specific	advanced English skills	Career-ready	ideas and concepts.
SWBAT:	Information and	-Scaffolding: word	Practices:	-Use precise language
-Read assigned	Creating Meaning	walls, sentence frames,	9.2.8.B.1	and domain-specific
informational articles	Lesson 9: Writing with	think-pair-share,	9.2.8.B.2	vocabulary to inform
and/or watch assigned	Detail	cooperative learning	9.2.8.B.3	about or explain the
related videos as	Lesson 10: Lifting the	groups, teacher think-	9.2.8.B.4	topic.
common research	Level of Sentence	alouds	9.2.8.B.5	-Establish and maintain
-Write an	Complexity	-Make corrections to	9.2.8.B.6	a formal/academic style,
informative/explanator	Lesson 11: Using Text	work, but modify grade	9.2.8.B.7	approach, and form.
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y essay to examine a	Features to Strengthen	scale and make note on		-Provide a concluding
topic and convey ideas,	Writing	report card	Technology	statement or section that
concepts, and	Lesson 12: Planning	-Leveled informational	8.1.8.A.1	follows from the
information through	Ready-to-Go Chapters	reading passages	8.1.8.A.2	information or
the selection,	Lesson 13: Quoting with	-Shorter assignments	8.1.8.A.3	explanation presented.
organization, and	a Purpose in Mind	(e.g. provide a photo	8.1.8.A.4	-Peer edits checking for
analysis of relevant	Lesson 14: Celebrating	with some simple facts	8.1.8.A.5	word choice, sentence
content.	with a Book Exhibit	about it., Have student	8.1.8.B.1	structure.
o Essay will	Tour	write a short essay)	8.1.8.D.1	-Graphic organizers
include: prewriting, an			8.1.8.D.2	plotting beginning,
introduction with a	Bend III-		8.1.8.D.3	middle, and end of
thesis statement, body	Lesson 15: Studying	For RTI:	8.1.8.E.1	narratives.
paragraphs that each	Digital Mentor Texts	*Provide support on		-Informational paired
contain a reason	Lesson 16: Revising to	classroom writing		texts multiple choice
supported by evidence,	Fit Digital Formats:	assignment:		responses
and a conclusion that	Determining Importance	*Students read written		
restates the thesis	Lesson 17: Pouring into	work aloud to teacher or		<u>Summative</u>
statement	Digital Formsand	to a peer		<u>assessments:</u>
	Publishing	*Provide examples to		-Informational reading:
-Maintain a Writer's	Lesson 18: Celebration:	add further detail		e.g. paired texts written
Notebook	Presentations, Feedback,	*Graphic organizers:		responses
	Reflection	hamburger, KWL, or		
-Develop and Increase		cause -> effect, etc.		-Final writing piece
writing stamina		graphic organizers		graded via modified
		*Individual whiteboards		WW rubric
		for students to take		
		notes on		
		For Enhancement:		
		- Adjusting pace of		
		lessons		
		-Higher order thinking		
		skills: e.g. have students		

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Grade o English Language	Alts			
		include flashbacks/flash forwards - Student driven -Real-world scenarios		
Main topic:	10 Weeks			
GREEK	10 WEEKS			
MYTHOLOGY		For Support:	NJSLS - ELA:	Formative
MITHOLOGI		-Graphic organizers		<u>Assessments:</u>
Subtopic:		-Charts	RL.6.1, RL.6.2, RL.6.3,	Teacher observation and
Subtopic.		-Webs	RL.6.4	feedback
Description:		-Create game/trading	RL.6.5, RL.6.6, RL.6.7,	-Ongoing response
Students will explore		cards	RL.6.9	journals
the lineage of Greek		cards	RL.6.10	-Class discussions
Gods and Goddesses as		For ELLs	KL.0.10	-Comprehension
well as their		-Pre-teach vocabulary	RI.6.1, RI.6.2, RI.6.3,	questions for each
explanations for natural		and concepts	RI.6.4, RI.6.5, RI.6.6,	chapter
phenomenons		-Visual learning, include	RI.6.7, RI.6.8	-Peer evaluation
phenomenons		graphic organizers	RI.6.9, RI.6.10	-Self, peer, teacher
Materials: D'Aulaires		-Use of cognates to	M.0.9, M.0.10	collaborative feedback
Book of Greek Myths		increase comprehension	W.6.7, W.6.8, W.6.9	-Group or individual
Newsela articles		-Teacher modeling		reports
CommonLit articles		-Pair students:	SL.6.1, SL.6.2, SL.6.3,	-Activity
Readworks articles		beginning ELLs with	SL.6.4	sheets/workbooks
		students who have more	SL.6.5, SL.6.6	(publisher and teacher-
Objectives:		advanced English skills	~	(puensier and trainer made)
SWBAT: Utilize active		-Scaffolding: word	L.6.1, L.6.2, L.6.3,	-Supplemental activities
reading strategies,		walls, sentence frames,	L.6.4	2 .
including: predicting,		think-pair-share,	L.6.5, L.6.6	
inferring,		cooperative learning	,	Summative
questioning/clarifying,		groups, teacher think-	21st Century Standards	Assessments:
making		alouds	CRP1, CRP2,	-Published and teacher-
connections, note taking,		-Leveled mythology	CRP3,CRP4, CRP5,	made tests and guizzes
summarizing		stories and	CRP6, CRP7, CRP8,	-Ancient Greece
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<u>Fiction</u> - Identify the storyline, realms of each god/goddess, character traits, spouses,siblings of Greek gods, goddesses, and heroes <u>Nonfiction:</u> Text	informational reading passages -Make corrections to work, but modify grade scale and make note on report card -Create trading cards representing each god/goddess	CRP9, CRP10, CRP11 CRP12 <u>Career-ready</u> <u>Practices:</u> 9.2.8.B.1 9.2.8.B.2 9.2.8.B.3 9.2.8.B.4 9.2.8.B.4	Projects: (e.g. Create a Greek Biographical poem about a god of your choice; Greek Time Travel; write your own myth to explain a weather phenomenon (lunar or solar eclipse, etc) or catastrophe
features and text		9.2.8.B.5	(avalanche, tidal wave,
structures, author's	<u>For RTI:</u>	9.2.8.B.6	etc.))
purpose	-Informational leveled	9.2.8.B.7	-Analysis of themes and
	reading articles (e.g.		character traits of Greek
	Newsela, Readworks,	Technology	gods/goddesses/heroes
	Common Lit, etc.)	8.1.8.A.1	-Homework
	related to topics	8.1.8.A.2	-Classwork
	presented in the novel	8.1.8.A.3	-Class participation
	[Achilles; <u>http://www.bb</u>	8.1.8.A.4	-Short constructed
	c.co.uk/learning/schoolr	8.1.8.A.5	responses
	adio/subjects/history/anc	8.1.8.B.1	
	ient_greek_myths]	8.1.8.D.1	
	-Guided reading and review of	8.1.8.D.2	
		8.1.8.D.3 8.1.8.E.1	
	comprehension questions provided by	8.1.8.E.1	
	classroom instructor		
	-Practice active reading		
	strategies: highlighting,		
	visualizing, asking		
	questions, etc.		
	-Vocabulary skill		
	building		
	-Practice test-taking		
	strategies		
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		-	
		-Independent study: e.g.	
		e.g. Create your own	
		realm; explain the	
		natural disasters and	
		connect to Greek gods and goddesses	
		-Interest-based content:	
		Student created board	
		games, e.g. Monopoly -Student driven: Escape	
		Room related to group	
		mythology Real world problems	
		-Real-world problems and scenarios	

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		Supplemental Videos: -Hercules -Clash of the Titans (1981) -Percy Jackson -Moana		
Main topic:	10 Weeks			
MEDIEVAL/				
MIDDLE AGES		For support:	NJSLS - ELA:	Formative
		-Graphic organizers		Assessments:
Subtopic:		-Charts	RL.6.1, RL.6.2, RL.6.3,	Teacher observation and
-		-Webs	RL.6.4	feedback
			RL.6.5, RL.6.6, RL.6.7,	-Ongoing response
Description:		For ELLs	RL.6.9	journals
Students will explore		-Pre-teach vocabulary	RL.6.10	-Class discussions
the Middle Age time		and concepts		-Comprehension
period, logic and reason		-Visual learning, include	RI.6.1, RI.6.2, RI.6.3,	questions for each
to solve problems,		graphic organizers	RI.6.4, RI.6.5, RI.6.6,	chapter
chivalry, and the		-Use of cognates to	RI.6.7, RI.6.8	-Peer evaluation
elements of mystery.		increase comprehension	RI.6.9, RI.6.10	-Self, peer, teacher
		-Provide audio version		collaborative feedback
<u>Materials:</u>		of novel	W.6.7, W.6.8, W.6.9	-Group or individual
Midnight Magic by Avi		-Teacher modeling		reports
Newsela articles		-Pair students:	SL.6.1, SL.6.2, SL.6.3,	-Activity
CommonLit articles		beginning ELLs with	SL.6.4	sheets/workbooks
Readworks articles		students who have more	SL.6.5, SL.6.6	(publisher and teacher-
		advanced English skills		made)
Objectives:		-Scaffolding: word	L.6.1, L.6.2, L.6.3,	-Supplemental activities
SWBAT:		walls, sentence frames,	L.6.4	
-Utilize active reading		think-pair-share,	L.6.5, L.6.6	<u>Summative</u>
strategies, including:		cooperative learning		Assessments:
predicting, inferring,		groups, teacher think-	21st Century Standards	-Published and teacher-
questioning/clarifying,		alouds	CRP1, CRP2,	made tests and quizzes

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making connections, note taking, summarizing <u>Fiction</u> - Identifying and analyzing: character/traits, setting, plot, types of conflicts, rising action, climax, falling action, and resolution Nonfiction: Paired text features and structures, commonalities and differences, point of view, author's purpose	-Leveled informational reading passages -Make corrections to work, but modify grade scale and make note on report card <u>For RTI:</u> -PARCC prep lessons -Guided reading and review of comprehension questions provided by classroom instructor -Practice active reading strategies: highlighting, visualizing, asking questions, etc. -Vocabulary skill building -Review: text structures and figurative language -Paired reading with questions <u>For Enhancement:</u> -Adjust pace of lessons	CRP3,CRP4, CRP5, CRP6, CRP7, CRP8, CRP9, CRP10, CRP11 CRP12 Career-ready <u>Practices:</u> 9.2.8.B.1 9.2.8.B.2 9.2.8.B.3 9.2.8.B.4 9.2.8.B.5 9.2.8.B.5 9.2.8.B.6 9.2.8.B.7 <u>Technology</u> 8.1.8.A.1 8.1.8.A.2 8.1.8.A.3 8.1.8.A.3 8.1.8.A.4 8.1.8.A.5 8.1.8.B.1 8.1.8.D.1 8.1.8.D.2 8.1.8.D.3 8.1.8.E.1	-Middle Ages projects, e.g. students create a digital story/comic that includes different elements from the Middle Ages. -Analysis of events and influences of the Middle Ages (e.g. inventors/inventions, explorers, The Crusades, feudalism, etc.) -Homework -Class work -Class participation -Short constructed responses -Standardized testing: PARCC, LinkIt, DRA)

		about the person, then write a narrative story in which this person is a secondary character; -Independent study -Higher-order thinking o Discussion of adages and their meaning/purpose -Interest-based content -Real-world problems and scenarios		
WRITER'S WORKSHOP	~10 Weeks Bend I	<i>For Support:</i> -Use of visual and	NJSLS - ELA:	<u>Formative</u> Assessments:
Main Topic:	Lesson 1: Essay Boot	multi-sensory formats:	RI.6.1, RI.6.2, RI.6.3,	Teacher observations on
ARGUMENTATIVE	Camp	o beach ball	RI.6.4, RI.6.5, RI.6.6,	how students:
WRITING	Lesson 2: Growing Big	activity to	RI.6.7, RI.6.8	-Plan a thematic essay
	Ideas from Details about	demonstrate the	RI.6.9, RI.6.10	(prewrite)
Subtopic: The Literary	Characters	intertextuality		-Analyzing text for
Essay	Lesson 3: Writing to	between multiple	W.6.3, W.6.4, W.6.5,	author's purpose
Description: Students	Discover What a	sources	W.6.6, W.6.7, W.6.9,	-Compare and contrast
will craft an essay that	Character Really Wants		W.6.10	themes across texts
makes an argument	Lesson 4: Crafting	For ELLs		-Create an introduction
about characters and	Claims	-Pre-teach vocabulary	SL.6.1, SL.6.2, SL.6.3,	with a claim (thesis) that
themes, learning	Lesson 5: Conveying	and concepts	SL.6.4	includes evidence from
strategies essayists use	Evidence: Summarizing,	-Visual learning, include	SL.6.5, SL.6.6	the text
to gather, analyze, and	Storytelling and Quoting	graphic organizers		-Use transitional phrases
explain evidence from	Lesson 6: Studying a	-Use of cognates to	L.6.1, L.6.2, L.6.3,	and strong quotes
the text to support their	Mentor Text to	increase comprehension	L.6.4	-Consider the
claims.	Construct Literary	-Teacher modeling	L.6.5, L.6.6	counterargument

	Essava	-Pair students:		-Write a strong
Materials:	Essays Lesson 7: Revising	beginning ELLs with	21st Century Standards	conclusion
Lucy Calkins Unit 2 The	Essays to Be Sure You	students who have more	CRP1, CRP2,	-Use a checklist for self
5	5			
Literary Essay Writing	Analyze as Well as Cite Text Evidence.	advanced English skills	CRP3,CRP4, CRP5,	analysis Davias assaus to shack
Unit of Study	Text Evidence.	-Scaffolding: word	CRP6, CRP7, CRP8,	-Revise essays to check
Newsela articles		walls, sentence frames,	CRP9, CRP10, CRP11	for analysis and citing
CommonLit articles	Bend II	think-pair-share,	CRP12	text evidence
Readworks articles	Lesson 8: Looking for	cooperative learning		-Peer edit with relevant
	Themes in the Trouble	groups, teacher think-	Career-ready	feedback
Objectives:	of a Text	alouds	Practices:	-Edit essay for
SWBAT:	Lesson 9: Drafting	-Make corrections to	9.2.8.B.1	grammatical errors
Read assigned	Using All that You	work, but modify grade	9.2.8.B.2	
argumentative articles	Know	scale and make note on	9.2.8.B.3	
and/or watch assigned	Lesson 10: First	report card	9.2.8.B.4	
related videos as	Impressions and Closing	-Leveled informational	9.2.8.B.5	<u>Summative Assessment:</u>
common research	Remarks	reading passages	9.2.8.B.6	-Final writing piece
-Write an	Lesson 11: Quoting	-Shorter assignments	9.2.8.B.7	(W.W. rubric)
argumentative/persuas	Texts	(e.g. Provide examples		
ive essay to examine a	Lesson 12: Editing	for each side of an	Technology	
topic and convey ideas,	Inquiry Centers	argument and require	8.1.8.A.1	
concepts, and		ELL student to choose	8.1.8.A.2	
information through	Bend III	to write about two	8.1.8.A.3	
the selection,	Lesson 13: Building the	reasons for one side of	8.1.8.A.4	
organization, and	Muscles to Compare	the argument)	8.1.8.A.5	
analysis of relevant	and Contrast		8.1.8.B.1	
content.	Lesson 14: Comparing		8.1.8.D.1	
o Essay will	and Contrasting Themes	For RTI:	8.1.8.D.2	
include: prewriting, an	Across Texts	-Provide support on	8.1.8.D.3	
introduction with a	Lesson 15: Applying	classroom writing	8.1.8.E.1	
thesis statement, body	what You have Learned	assignment:		
paragraphs that each	in the Past to Today's	o Students read		
contain a reason	Revision Work	written		
supported by evidence,	Lesson 16: Identifying	work aloud to		
and a conclusion that	Run-On and Sentence	teacher or to		

restates the thesis	Fragments	a peer	
statement	Lesson 17: Celebrating	o Provide examples	
	Literary Essays	to add	
-Maintain a Writer's		further detail	
Notebook		o Graphic	
		organizers: note	
-Develop and Increase		taking,	
writing stamina		o Individual	
		whiteboards for	
		students to take	
		notes on	
		For Enhancement:	
		-Adjust the pace of	
		lessons	
		-Inquiry-based	
		instruction	
		-Interest-based content	
		(e.g. Re The Three	
		<i>Little Pigs</i> - Why was	
		the third pig admirable?)	
		-Higher order thinking	
		skill:	
		o Students will	
		include a	
		. counter argument	
		in di transferi	
		their writing.	

Grade 6 English Language Arts GRAMMAR AND CONVENTIONS SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

Skills By Grade Level	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Capitalization		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Days of the Week	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
First Letter of a Sentence		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
First Letter of First, Middle and Last Names		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Geographic Places		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Holidays		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
In Dialogue				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Letter Salutations/Closings			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Months of the Year	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Proper Nouns	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
The Word "I"	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Titles		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Uppercase and Lowercase Letters	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Grammar – Parts of Speech									
Adjectives	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Adverbs			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Compound Words		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Conjunctions				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Interjections					Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Modifiers	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Nouns	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Participles					Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Perfect/Past Perfect Tense	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Plural Words	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Prepositional Phrases						Х	Х	Х	Х
Prepositions						Х	Х	Х	Х
Pronouns			Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х
Tense	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Verbs	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х

Grade 6 English Language Arts								Page	49
Skills By Grade Level	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Punctuation									
Apostrophe Use (contractions; possessives)			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Colon/Semicolon			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Comma (dialogue)			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Comma (in a series)		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Ellipses			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
End marks (period, question mark, exclamation point)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Parentheses					Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Punctuating Dialogue			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Quotation Marks			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Skills By Grade Level	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Grammar – Sentence Structure/Fluency									
Chronological Structure		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Clauses						Х	Х	Х	Х
Dialogue			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
List Structure	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Paragraphs			Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х
Participial Phrases						Х	Х	Х	Х
Phrases					Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sentence Building	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Simple/Compound/Complex Sentences			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Subject-Verb Agreement	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Tense	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Transition Words	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Varied Sentence Lengths		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Text Layout									
Font/Feature of Type	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
How Layout Conveys Meaning	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Nonfiction Text Features	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Space Between Words/Concepts of Print		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Text Features (color, bold, shapes, etc.)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Text/Image Placement	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х