COURSE TITLE

Honors Biology

LENGTH

Full Year

DEPARTMENT

STEM Department

SCHOOL

Rutherford High School

DATE

September 10, 2018

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Biology

I. Introduction/Overview/Philosophy

Students in this course will develop an understanding of key concepts that help them make sense of life science. The ideas are building upon students' science understanding of disciplinary core ideas, science and engineering practices, and crosscutting concepts from earlier grades. There are five life science topics that will be addressed through this course: 1) Structure and Function, 2) Inheritance and Variation of Traits, 3) Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems, 4) Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems, and 5) Natural Selection and Evolution.

The performance expectations for high school life science blend core ideas with scientific and engineering practices and crosscutting concepts to support students in developing useable knowledge that can be applied across the science disciplines. While the performance expectations in high school life science couple particular practices with specific disciplinary core ideas, instructional decisions should include use of many practices underlying the performance expectations. Through a variety of laboratory and hands-on activities, students will investigate areas of biological science. The goal of the course is to instill in students the belief that biology is an exciting, relevant, and human activity based discipline.

II. Objectives

Course Outline:

- 1. Ecology-Interdependent relationships in ecosystems
 - a. Mathematical support to carrying capacity
 - b. Factors affecting biodiversity
- 2. Ecology-Matter and Energy Transformations in an Ecosystem
 - a. Cycling of matter
 - b. Photosynthesis and Cell Respiration
- 3. Ecology-Human Activity and Climate
 - a. Climate Change as it relates to resource utilization and exploitation
 - b. Earth's Systems
 - c. Evidence for climate change
 - d. Solving Climate Change
- 4. Human Activity and Biodiversity
 - a. The relationship between sustainability and species survivorship
 - b. Urbanization and its effects
 - c. Endangered Species
- 5. Cell Specialization and Homeostasis
 - a DNA
 - b. Homeostasis
- 6. DNA and Inheritance
 - a. Mitosis/Meiosis
 - b. Genetics and Generalized Recombination
 - c. Mutations
- 7. Natural Selection
 - a. Biotic and Abiotic factors affecting natural selection

- b. Numerical and Statistical support
- c. Group Behavior
- 8. Evolution
 - a. Evidence for Darwinian Evolution
 - b. Factors that affect evolution

Student Outcomes:

After successfully completing this course, the student will:

- construct explanations for the role of energy in the cycling of matter in organisms and ecosystems.
- apply mathematical concepts to develop evidence to support explanations of the interactions of photosynthesis and cellular respiration and develop models to communicate these explanations.
- understand organisms' interactions with each other and their physical environment and how organisms obtain resources.
- formulate answers to the question "how and why do organisms interact with each other (biotic factors) and their environment (abiotic factors), and what affects these interactions?"
- examine factors that have influenced the distribution and development of human society; these factors include climate, natural resource availability, and natural disasters.
- use computational representations to analyze how earth systems and their relationships are being modified by human activity.
- develop an understanding of how human activities affect natural resources and of the interdependence between humans and Earth's systems, which affect the availability of natural resources.
- create or revise a simulation to test solutions for mitigating adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.
- formulate an answer to the question "How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions?"
- investigate explanations for the structure and functions of cells as the basic unit of life, of hierarchical organization of interacting organ systems, and of the role of specialized cells for maintenance and growth.
- analyze data develop models to make sense of the relationship between DNA and chromosomes in the process of cellular division, which passes traits from one generation to the next.
- determine why individuals of the same species vary in how they look, function, and behave.
- develop conceptual models of the role of DNA in the unity of life on Earth and use statistical models to explain the importance of variation within populations for the survival and evolution of species.
- develop an understanding of the factors causing natural selection of species over time.
- demonstrate and understandings of how multiple lines of evidence contribute to the strength of scientific theories of natural selection.
- construct explanations for the processes of natural selection and evolution and then communicate how multiple lines of evidence support these explanations.
- evaluate evidence of the conditions that may result in new species and understand the role of genetic variation in natural selection.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards

CAREER READY PRACTICES

CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.

Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.

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CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.

Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation

CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

Career-ready individuals understand the interrelated nature of their actions and regularly make decisions that positively impact and/or mitigate negative impact on other people, organization, and the environment. They are aware of and utilize new technologies, understandings, procedures, materials, and regulations affecting the nature of their work as it relates to the impact on the social condition, the environment and the profitability of the organization.

CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.

CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.

Career-ready individuals are discerning in accepting and using new information to make decisions, change practices or inform strategies. They use reliable research process to search for new information. They evaluate the validity of sources when considering the use and adoption of external information or practices in their workplace situation.

CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.

CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.

Career-ready individuals consistently act in ways that align personal and community-held ideals and principles while employing strategies to positively influence others in the workplace. They have a clear understanding of integrity and act on this understanding in every decision. They use a variety of means to positively impact the directions and actions of a team or organization, and they apply insights into human behavior to change others'

action, attitudes and/or beliefs. They recognize the near-term and long-term effects that management's actions and attitudes can have on productivity, morals and organizational culture.

CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.

Career-ready individuals take personal ownership of their own education and career goals, and they regularly act on a plan to attain these goals. They understand their own career interests, preferences, goals, and requirements. They have perspective regarding the pathways available to them and the time, effort, experience and other requirements to pursue each, including a path of entrepreneurship. They recognize the value of each step in the education and experiential process, and they recognize that nearly all career paths require ongoing education and experience. They seek counselors, mentors, and other experts to assist in the planning and execution of career and personal goals.

CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.

Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.

CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.

Career-ready individuals positively contribute to every team, whether formal or informal. They apply an awareness of cultural difference to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction. They find ways to increase the engagement and contribution of all team members. They plan and facilitate effective team meetings.

TECHNOLOGY STANDARDS

Standard 8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

Strand E: Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

8.1.12.E.1- Produce a position statement about a real world problem by developing a systematic plan of investigation with peers and experts synthesizing information from multiple sources.

Standard 8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact of technology, engineering, technological design, computational thinking and the designed world as they relate to the individual, global society, and the environment

Strand B. Technology and Society: Knowledge and understanding of human, cultural and societal values are fundamental when designing technological systems and products in the global society.

8.2.12.B.2- Evaluate ethical considerations regarding the sustainability of environmental resources that are used for the design, creation and maintenance of a chosen product.

Strand C. Design: The design process is a systematic approach to solving problems.

8.2.12.C.4- Explain and identify interdependent systems and their functions.

21ST CENTURY LIFE AND CAREERS

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy

Strand F: Civic Financial Responsibility

9.1.12.F.3 Analyze how citizen decisions and actions can influence the use of economic resources to achieve societal goals and provide individual services.

9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

Strand C: Career Preparation

9.2.12.C.1 Review career goals and determine steps necessary for attainment.

COMPANION STANDARDS FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNICAL SUBJECTS

RST.9-10.3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.

RST.9-10.5. Analyze the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., force, friction, reaction force, energy).

RST.9-10.7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.

RST.9-10.10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

WHST.9-10.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

WHST.9-10.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

WHST.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.

WHST.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

WHST.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

NEW JERSEY STUDENT LEARNING STANDARDS- SCIENCE

HS-LS1-1. Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.

HS-LS1-2. Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.

HS-LS1-3. Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.

HS-LS1-4. Use a model to illustrate the role of cellular division (mitosis) and differentiation in producing and maintaining complex organisms.

HS-LS2-1. Use mathematical and/or computational representations to support explanations of factors that affect carrying capacity of ecosystems at different scales.

HS-LS2-2. Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence about factors affecting biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of different scales.

HS-LS2-3. Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for the cycling of matter and flow of energy in aerobic and anaerobic conditions.

HS-LS2-4. Use mathematical representations to support claims for the cycling of matter and flow of energy among organisms in an ecosystem.

HS-LS2-5. Develop a model to illustrate the role of photosynthesis and cellular respiration in the cycling of carbon among the biosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and geosphere.

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HS-LS2-6. Evaluate claims, evidence, and reasoning that the complex interactions in ecosystems maintain relatively consistent numbers and types of organisms in stable conditions, but changing conditions may result in a new ecosystem.

- HS-LS2-7. Design, evaluate, and refine a solution for reducing the impacts of human activities on the environment and biodiversity.
- HS-LS2-8. Evaluate evidence for the role of group behavior on individual and species' chances to survive and reproduce.
- HS-LS3-1. Ask questions to clarify relationships about the role of DNA and chromosomes in coding the instructions for characteristic traits passed from parents to offspring.
- HS-LS3-2. Make and defend a claim based on evidence that inheritable genetic variations may result from (1) new genetic combinations through meiosis, (2) viable errors occurring during replication, and/or (3) mutations caused by environmental factors.
- HS-LS4-1. Communicate scientific information that common ancestry and biological evolution are supported by multiple lines of empirical evidence.
- HS-LS4-2. Construct an explanation based on evidence that the process of evolution primarily results from four factors: (1) the potential for a species to increase in number, (2) the heritable genetic variation of individuals in a species due to mutation and sexual reproduction, (3) competition for limited resources, and (4) the proliferation of those organisms that are better able to survive and reproduce in the environment.
- HS-LS4-3. Apply concepts of statistics and probability to support explanations that organisms with an advantageous heritable trait tend to increase in proportion to organisms lacking this trait.
- HS-LS4-6. Create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.
- HS-ESS1-3. Communicate scientific ideas about the way stars, over their life cycle, produce elements.
- HS-ESS3-1. Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activity.
- HS-ESS3-4. Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on natural systems.
- HS-ESS3-5. Analyze geoscience data and the results from global climate models to make an evidence-based forecast of the current rate of global or regional climate change and associated future impacts to Earth's systems.
- HS-ESS3-6. Use a computational representation to illustrate the relationships among Earth systems and how those relationships are being modified due to human activity.
- HS-ETS1-1. Analyze a major global challenge to specify qualitative and quantitative criteria and constraints for solutions that account for societal needs and wants.
- HS-ETS1-2. Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.
- HS-ETS1-3. Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world problem based on prioritized criteria and trade-offs that account for a range of constraints, including cost, safety, reliability, and aesthetics, as well as possible social, cultural, and environmental impacts.
- HS-ETS1-4. Use a computer simulation to model the impact of proposed solutions to a complex real-world problem with numerous criteria and constraints on interactions within and between systems relevant to the problem.

III. Proficiency Levels

Honors Biology is the first course in the high school honors sequence. Students who meet the placement criteria in eighth grade are placed in this course.

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IV. Methods of Assessment

Student Assessment

The teacher will provide a variety of assessments including homework, class participation, tests and quizzes, laboratory reports, research reports, and projects.

Curriculum/Teacher Assessment

The teacher will provide the subject area supervisor with suggestions for changes on an ongoing basis.

V. Grouping

Honors Biology is appropriate for grade 9 students.

VI. Articulation/Scope & Sequence/Time Frame

Course length is one year.

VII. Resources

Texts/Supplemental Reading/References

Resources include but are not limited to:

- 1. Print Resources
 - a. Biology. Pearson Education, Inc. 2010.
 - b. POGIL
- 2. Web-based Resources
 - a. https://www.teachengineering.org/
 - b. http://betterlesson.com/next_gen_science
 - c. http://www.ck12.org/
 - d. http://www.ngsslifescience.com
 - e. Crash Course: http://www.pbslearningmedia.org/collection/crash-course/
 - f. Discovery News: http://news.discovery.com/
 - g. SciShow

VIII. Suggested Activities

Appropriate activities are listed below in the curriculum map.

IX. Methodologies

The following methods of instruction are suggested: lecture, group projects, demonstration, hands-on applications, and class presentations.

X. Interdisciplinary Connections

Connections will regularly be made to mathematics, history, and language arts through various means.

XI. Differentiating Instruction for Students with Special Needs: Students with Disabilities, Students at Risk, English Language Learners, and Gifted & Talented Students

Differentiating instruction is a flexible process that includes the planning and design of instruction, how that instruction is delivered, and how student progress is measured. Teachers recognize that students can learn in multiple ways as they celebrate students' prior knowledge. By providing appropriately challenging learning, teachers can maximize success for all students.

Differentiating in this course includes but is not limited to:

Differentiation for Support (ELL, Special Education, Students at Risk)

- Peer mentoring on problems
- Differentiated teacher feedback on assignments
- Modeling out problems on whiteboard
- Visual aids as we project problems on whiteboard
- Study guides
- Tiered assignments
- Scaffolding of materials and assignments
- Re-teaching and review
- Guided note taking
- Exemplars of varied performance levels
- Multi-media approach to accommodating various learning styles

Differentiation for Enrichment

- Supplemental reading material for independent study
- Flexible grouping
- Tiered assignments
- Topic selection by interest
- Enhanced expectations for independent study
- Elevated questioning techniques using Webb's Depth of Knowledge matrix

XII. Professional Development

The teacher will continue to improve expertise through participation in a variety of professional development opportunities.

XII. Curriculum Map/Pacing Guide

Unit Topic	Time Allocated	Differentiating Instruction for Students with Disabilities, Students at Risk, English Language Learners, & Gifted & Talented Students	Standards	Assessments
Ecology- Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems • Mathematical support to carrying capacity • Factors affecting biodiversity	4 weeks	For Support: • Use of visual and multisensory formats • Use of assisted technology • Use of prompts For Enhancement: • Inquiry-based instruction • Higher-order thinking skills • Critical/Analytical thinking tasks	HS-LS2-1 HS-LS2-2 HS-LS2-6 CRP1,2,4,6,7,8,9,11,12 RST.9-10.3,5,7,10 WHST.9-10.4,5,6,7,8 8.2.12.C.4 9.2.12.C.1	Formative Assessment: • Population / Carrying Capacity Lab Carbon Transfer Through Snails and Elodea • Predator Prey Activities • Biodiversity Case Studies Summative Assessment • Population/Carry Capacity/ Ecosystems Test • Ecosystem in a Jar
Ecology- Matter and Energy Transformation Cycling of Matter Photosynthesis and Cell Respiration (as examples of matter cycling)	6 weeks	For Support: • Authentic assessments • Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts • Visual learning, including graphic organizers • Guided note-taking For Enhancement: • Student-driven projects • Real-world problems and scenarios	HS-LS2-4 HS-LS2-5 CRP1,2,4,6,7,8,9,11,12 RST.9-10.3,5,7,10 WHST.9-10.4,5,6,7,8	Formative Assessment: • Modeling of Photosynthesis/Cellular Respiration by students • Cellular Respiration Lab • Photosynthesis Lab • POGIL: Photosynthesis • ATP Building Lab Summative Assessment • Photosynthesis Test • Cellular Respiration Test

Unit Topic	Time Allocated	Differentiating Instruction for Students with Disabilities, Students at Risk, English Language Learners, & Gifted & Talented Students	Standards	Assessments
		Khan AcademyCrash Course		ATP Cycle Quiz
Ecology- Human Activity and Climate Climate Change as it relates to resource utilization and exploitation Earth's Systems Evidence for climate change Solving Climate Change	2 weeks	 For Support: Authentic assessments Visual learning, including graphic organizers Use of cognates to increase comprehension For Enhancement: Interest-based content Student-driven projects Real-world problems and scenarios 	HS-ESS3-1 HS-ESS3-6 HS-ESS3-5 HS-ESS3-4 HS-ETS1-3 CRP1,2,4,6,7,8,9,11,12 RST.9-10.3,5,7,10 WHST.9-10.4,5,6,7,8 8.1.12.E.1 8.2.12.B.2	Formative Assessment: Smog City - Virtual Simulation Film Investigations Edible Tectonics Virtual Plate Boundaries Window Water Cycle Summative Assessment Edible Tectonics Window Water Cycle Ecology Test
Ecology- Human Activity and Biodiversity • The relationship between sustainability and species survivorship • Urbanization and its effects • Endangered Species	3 weeks	 For Support: Use of assisted technology Modification of content and student products Authentic assessments Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts Visual learning, including graphic organizers For Enhancement: Interest-based content Student-driven projects 	HS-ESS3-3 HS-LS2-7 HS-LS4-6 HS-ETS1-1 HS-ETS1-2 HS-ETS1-3 HS-ETS1-4 CRP1,2,4,6,7,8,9,11,12 RST.9-10.3,5,7,10 WHST.9-10.4,5,6,7,8 9.1.12.F.3 8.2.12.B.2	Formative Assessment: • Tragedy of the Commons Lab • R & D Research on Future Renewable Innovations Summative Assessment: • Biodiversity T-Shirts • Human Activity and Biodiversity Test

Unit Topic	Time Allocated	Differentiating Instruction for Students with Disabilities, Students at Risk, English Language Learners, & Gifted & Talented Students	Standards	Assessments
		 Real-world problems and scenarios Crash Course Critical/Analytical thinking tasks 		
Cell Specialization and Homeostasis • DNA • Homeostasis	7 weeks	 For Support: Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts Visual learning, including graphic organizers Use of visual and multisensory formats For Enhancement: Inquiry-based instruction Higher-order thinking skills Interest-based content 	HS-LS1-1 HS-LS1-2 HS-LS1-3 HS-LS1-4 CRP1,2,4,6,7,8,9,11,12 RST.9-10.3,5,7,10 WHST.9-10.4,5,6,7,8	 Formative Assessment: DNA Interactive Manipulatives POGIL: DNA Structure Protein Synthesis Internet Lesson DNA/RNA Protein Synthesis Lab Homeostasis Lab POGIL: Homeostasis Keeping a Balance: Homeostasis and Negative Feedback Summative Assessment Keeping a Balance: Homeostasis and Negative Feedback Homeostasis Test DNA Test

Unit Topic	Time Allocated	Differentiating Instruction for Students with Disabilities, Students at Risk, English Language Learners, & Gifted & Talented Students	Standards	Assessments
 DNA and Inheritance Mitosis/Meiosis Genetics and generalized recombination Mutations 	6 weeks	For Support: Guided notes Modified homework assignments Use of assisted technology For Enhancement: Higher-order thinking skills Interest-based content Provide extension activities	HS-LS1-4 HS-LS3-1 HS-LS3-2 CRP1,2,4,6,7,8,9,11,12 RST.9-10.3,5,7,10 WHST.9-10.4,5,6,7,8 8.1.12.E.1	Formative Assessment: Observe slide of onion mitosis and whitefish blastula mitosis Mitosis Internet Lesson Mitosis/Meiosis Oreo Lab Case Study: Genetic Mutations Pedigree Studies Make a Baby Lab Karyotyping Lab (Disorders) Sex Linked Inheritance Lab (coin lab) Summative Assessment Modeling Mitosis/Meiosis by Students Around the World Mitosis/Meiosis Make a Baby Lab Make a Baby Lab Mitosis/Meiosis Test
Natural Selection • Biotic and Abiotic	5 weeks	For Support: • Authentic assessments	HS-LS4-3 HS-LS4-4	Formative Assessment: Natural Selection Lab
factors affecting natural selection Numerical and Statistical support		 Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts Visual learning, including graphic organizers. 	HS-LS4-5 HS-LS2-8 CRP1,2,4,6,7,8,9,11,12 RST.9-10.3,5,7,10	 Using a Dichotomous Key Lab Glencoe Virtual Lab - How do Organisms React to

Unit Topic	Time Allocated	Differentiating Instruction for Students with Disabilities, Students at Risk, English Language Learners, & Gifted & Talented Students	Standards	Assessments
Group behavior		For Enhancement: • Provide extension activities • Adjusting the pace of lessons • Inquiry based instruction.	WHST.9-10.4,5,6,7,8	Changes in Abiotic Factors? Summative Assessment Natural Selection M &M Lab Natural Selection Test
 Evolution Evidence for Darwinian Evolution Factors that affect evolution 	5 weeks	For Support: Scaffolding Modification of content and student products Pre-teaching of vocabulary and concepts Visual learning, including graphic organizers For Enhancement: Higher-order thinking skills Interest-based content Student-driven projects Real-world problems and scenarios Khan Academy Critical/Analytical thinking tasks	HS-LS4-1 HS-LS4-2 CRP1,2,4,6,7,8,9,11,12 RST.9-10.3,5,7,10 WHST.9-10.4,5,6,7,8	 Formative Assessment: The Great Fossil Find Darwin's Finches Bird Beak Lab HHMI Lizard Evolution Virtual Lab PhET Virtual Lab - Natural Selection (Bunnies) Summative Assessment The Great Fossil Find Evolution Test